Japan to send envoy to lobby Iran

TOKYO (AFP)—The Japanese government will dispatch a special envoy to Iran Saturday to persiade Tehran to abandon its opposition to the origoing Middle East peace process, Japanese foreign ministry officials said. The officials said Friday that Deputy Foreign Minister Hiroshi Fukuda would hold talks in Tehran during the weekend with Iranian Ministry officials including Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati. They said Mr. Fukuda would gravere is green's reserve at least a constitution to the said Mr. Fukuda would express Japan's regret at Iran's opposition to the recent agreements between Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). The Japanese deputy minister is also to call on his counterparts there to support the peace move in the region, they said. In Msy, Japan, ignoring U.S. advice, resumed aid to Iran by providing a 38.6 billion yen (\$371 million) loan to finance a hydroelectric project after a two-decade suspension. News reports said Friday the talks were unlikely to lead to Iran's immediate reconsideration of the issue.



Jordan, U.S. stage joint manoeuvres

AMMAN (AFP) - Jordanian and U.S. troops are conducting joint military manocuvers, the first combined ground, see and air exercises in several years, a Jordanian official said Friday. The joint air manocuvers underway in southern Jordan and dubbed "Eager Tiger II." involve 16 F-15 and F-16 warplanes, he said. The ground exercises, codenamed "Eager Light." are also taking place in the south and involve infantry training. The naval manoeuvres, codenamed "Infinite Shadow." are in the Gulf of Aqaba where the U.S. destroyer Spruance is expected to sail next week, the official added. The exercises, which began last month and are to be completed by the end of September, come after a warming of ties which were strained during the Gulf crisis. The United States this week unfroze credits for Jordan worth \$30 million in aid that was suspended after the Gulf war. (see page 10).

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Russian envoy to visit Israel, Jordan, Syria

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MOSCOW (AFP) - Russian First Deputy Foreign Minister Anatoly Adamishin will travel Sunday to Israel, Jordan and Syria to hold talks on the Middle East peace process, the Russian Foreign Ministry announced on Friday. The visit comes after Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) signed a tion Organisation (PLO) signed a landmark agreement last week on limited Palestinian autonomy in parts of the Israeli-occupied territories. "Russia, as a co-sponsor of the Middle East peace process, does not want to pass up any opportunity to guarantee the imementation of the accords, Foreign Ministry spokesman Mikhail Demurin told a briefing.

Moellemann to meet **Arafat in Tunis**

BONN (AFP) - Former German Economy Minister Juergen Moellemann will meet Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat in Tunis Saturday to discuss a possible German contribution to the randile East peace process, Mr. Moellemann's office announced Friday. Mr. Moelleman, a deputy in the lower house of the German parliament, the Bundestag, will become the first German politician to meet the Palestine Liberation Organisation chief since the autonomy deal for the Palestinians was signed in Washington Monday. Mr. Moellemann held talks with Syrian President Hafez Al Assad in Damascus Wednes-

israel sees ties with Vatican

TEL AVIV (AFP) - Israel and the Vatican are "close" to normalising their relations, a top foreign ministry official said Friday after a meeting of a joint committee. "Israel and the Vatican have ing their relations and are close to an agreement," Eitan Margalit said. He would not divulge details of the long-awaited meeting of the Israel-Vatican committee which took place Monday and Tuesday, but said there were no big developments.

Safieh to make first visit home in 25 years

LONDON (R) - Afif Safieh, the Palestine Liberation Organisation's chief representative in Britain, plans to spend Christmas in Jerusalem, returning home for the first time in 25 years, his office said Friday. Mr. Safieh, a Christian who has beaded the PLO delegation in London since 1991, would be accompanied by his wife and two daughters. Born in Jerusalem in 1950, Mr. Safieh was studying in Belgium during the 1967 war. Apart from a month-long visit to Jerusalem in 1968, he has not been back, spending the years in exile mostly in Europe.

Morocco holds final phase of elections .

RABAT (AFP) - Voters went to the polls here Friday in elections to determine the final makeup of Morocco's next government, after an election campaign overshadowed by the Israeli Palestinian autonomy accord. Three specific voting groups regional councillors, professional bodies and workers' groups — began voting Priday afternoon for a total of 111 deputies, the final third of Morocco's 333-seat leg-islative assembly. On June 25, two-thirds of the assembly was directly elected by the Moroccan electorate. This time councillors will elect 69 deputies, professional bodies 32 and workers' representatives 10.

Paris court opens Demianiuk probe

PARIS (AFP) - The Paris high court has begun a judicial investigation into the case of John Demjanjuk, alleged to have been a guard at the Nazi concentration camp at Sobibor in eastern Poland, a judicial official said Friday. The investigation into alleged "crimes against human-ity." which began Thursday, was prompted by an action brought against Ukramian-born Demjanjuk on Aug. 20 by lawyer Arno Klarsfeld, son of the French Nazihunter Serge Klarsfeld, on behalf of relatives of Jews who were

King cautions against high hopes for quick peace

No decision yet to delay elections, but new situation warrants closer look

By Nora Bonslany Washington Post Foreign Service

AMMAN - King Hussein, who has guided his nation through regional crises for four decades. expressed fears today (Sept. 16) that the shimmering new prospect for Middle East peace may raise Palestinian hopes too abruptly, bringing with it the danger of disillusionment.

As a measure of his concern, King Hussein hinted in an interview that his government might nostrone parliamentary elections planned for Nov. 8 - a vote officials here believe could become a referendum on this week's rapprochement between Israel and the Palestine Libera-

tion Organisation.
The elections, which would be the second here since 1989, had been billed as a bell-weather of democracy in the Middle East. but the fact that two-thirds of Jordan's 3.6 million people are Palestinians has given King Hus-

Speaking of the Israeli-PLO accords, King Hussein said, "Jordan is worried about the possibility that this opportunity for the establishment of a just and durable peace may raise expectations quickly and therefore bring with it the dangers of a psycholo-gical setback when it is realized how much (more) needs to be done." He avoided any direct reference to ominous forecasts here that a future Palestinian state could at some point seek to supplant Jordanian sovereignty.

The Monarch insisted that his country's avowed march towards multi-party democracy would not be reversed, yet he signalled three times during the interview that plans for the fall elections were being rethought. In sum, he said, his government has not yet decided to shelve the ballot, "however, we have a new situation now that necessitates us thinking about it and examining it everywhere with the interest of maintaining democracy, yet at

the same time maintaining cobe-

Mustapha Hamarneh, a lead-

ing scholar on electoral law in Jordan, argued in a separate interview that the elections, "need to be postponed" in the wake of the PLO-Israeli agreement which many Palestinians assume will lead to ultimate confederation with neighbouring Jordan, if the Jordanians agree.

"We don't want Jordan to become the centre of debate for that process - for or against," Hamarneh said, reflecting widespread apprehension here that any intra-Palestinian discord over the Israeli-PLO accords is bound to affect stability in Jordan.

"This is the only country in the Arab world where such a debate can take place. It will overshadow all other issues, and this is deterimental for the process of social change here," he said, adding: "How can you have a legislative body that has been chosen exclusively over one issue? These are extremely challenging times for Jordan... (PLO



teader) Yasser Arafat did not pull damned camel."

The Israeli-PLO accords envision eventual self-rule for the one million Palestinians in the Israelioccupied West Bank, which was part of Jordan until it fell to

Israeli troops during the 1967 Middle East war. King Hussein renounced all claims to the territory five years ago, saying this would allow Palestinians there to pursue their ideal of a separate homeland. But it also allowed Jordan to disengage from cumbersome administrative in-volvement with West Bank residents and exiles, and it limited West Bank representation in the Jordanian legislature.

King Hussein has emphasised in several recent interviews that the time for confederation between Jordan and a Palestinian state has not yet come, pointing out that such an association could only be forged by full-fledged and independent states, still a distant prospect for the Palestinians. To that end, he said, "we have called on our Palestinian brothers in the territories and elsewhere to stand together at this time, lest the results be tragic as far as they are concerned, and as far as their cause is concerned."

progress of bilateral negotiations to end a four-decade-old state of war between his country and Israel, King Hussein said that the Palestinian problem had been the "root cause" of the Middle East links, Dr. Majali said. The most contentious issue in

waiting until we saw progress" on Now, he said, "we have begun to prepare to look at our agenda with the Israeli side, and we hope that the rest will follow in terms of Syria and Lebanon, and eventually I hope it will all come together in a comprehensive

crisis and that Jordan had "been

Last Tuesday Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali spelled out details of a Jordanian-Israeli agenda for further negotiations that was initiated in Washington by both sides that day. The plan provides for a phased improvement in relations between the two countries that would open the way for "implementation" of measures on which both sides can agree in advance of a comprehensive peace treaty. Such areas of Referring to the desultory cooperation would include water

mental problems and, possibly installation of direct telephone

the talks concerns the return of Palestinian refugees who fled the West Bank to Jordan during the 1967 war and afterward. Failing their repatriation, Jordan is insisting on some form of compensation by Israel, in accordance with international law.

"Hopefully," King Hussein said, "all of us can find a way of resolving the problem and finally setting down in a peaceful manner and beginning a new life. So this is not something that Israel can answer immediately, or Jordan, or the Palestinians; this is the beginning of the process."

Long-standing psychological impediments separating Arabs and Israelis would fall if practical solutions materialise, the Monarch said. Barriers would come down if a content of peace and opportunities that were never there before would present them-

Israel to allow back 400,000 refugees — PLO

refugees of the 1967 war to return home over the next five years, Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) officials said Friday.

"Around 300,000 to 400,000 displaced persons will be allowed to return to the occupied territories during the interim period," a senior PLO official who did not want to be identified was quoted

as saying by Reuters.

He and another, PLO official said Israel had agreed to the figure as part of the deal signed on Monday for Palestinian selfrule in the occupied territories.

The Israel-PLO deal provides for a five-year-period of interim self-rule before the final status of the occupied territories is negotiated.

The PLO is demanding that Israel implement U.N. resolutions demanding that Palestinians forced from their homes in 1967 be allowed to return and those who fled in 1948 be given the choice of return or compensation. About 200,000 Palestinians fled during the 1967 war and between 800,000 and one million

left-in 1948. Another official said Israel had agreed to begin immediate negotiations aimed at solving the refugee problems within two years. "We have an Israeli commit-

ment for the issue of refugees within two years," said Saeb Erekat, deputy head of the Palestinian peace talks team. That is the major issue which will either make or break the peace negotiations as a whole and the future of the peace process."

The problem of refugees, parti-cularly those from 1948 who would be returning to what is now Israel, is the most complex in the sweeping PLO-Israel agreement.

Of the total world Palestinian population of about 5.5 million, three million live within the borders of mandatory Palestine. Most of the others live in Jordan. Syria and Lebanon.

In other developments related

to the Israel-PLO agreement: -The PLO will set up offices in the United States within weeks, Dr. Erakat said.

Dr. Erakat said the organisation would establish official representation after U.S. laws banning contacts with the PLO were repealed.

"Because of the restart of dialogue and contacts with the American administration, the U.S. Congress will in the next few weeks repeal laws forbidding the PLO from opening offices on U.S. territory," Dr. Erakat said.
"When this happens, the PLO will open a bureau to represent it officially in Washington," he

The U.S. ambassador in Tuni-

sia. Thomas McCarthy, had his AMMAN — Israel has agreed to allow my to 400 000 Police of the property of the

Balawi, the PLO ambassador to Tunisia and a member of the Central Committee of the mainstream group Fateh, discussed implementing the peace agreement, the sources said.

U.S. embassy officials saw Mr. Balawi last week and Mr. McCarthy was at Tunis airport on Wednesday to welcome PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat back from his trip to the United States. - Strengthened by his new

public image after his first visit in 19 years to the United States, Mr. Arafat flew to Egypt on Thursday to thank President Hosni Mubarak for his role in securing the accord and seek his continued support.
Mr. Arafat returns to Egypt on

Sunday to address a meeeting of Arab League foreign ministers while early next week he plans to visit Jordan. A trip to Morocco is also expected.

Dr. Faronk Kaddoumi, head of the PLO's Political Department, visited Jordan Thursday after a trip to Iraq, which has remained silent on the accord, and PLO officials are also expected to visit Syria and Libya, according to Mr.

- Palestinian spokeswoman Hanan Ashrawi said a transitional Palestinian government will be formed in the Gaza Strip and the West Bank town of Jericho after Israel's withdrawal.

Dr. Ashrawi, who serves as spokeswoman for the Palestinian delegation to the U.S.-backed Middle East peace talks, talked to reporters after arriving here from the latest round in Washing-

She said many hurdles re-mained before the PLO's peace deal with Israel is implemented. It was signed Monday at the White House, goes into force Oct. 13 and anticipates Israeli withdrawal from the Gaza and Jericho by April 13.

We have a lot of issues to address before he implementation of the agreement and before Israel's withdrawal," Dr. Ashrawi said. She said these included security and procedures for transferring power from the Israeli military government that has ruled the occupied territories. We have to work on estab-

and developing and strengthening the existing ones," she added.

— The head of the PLO department for Arab and International Relations said Friday the normalisation of Israeli-Arab ties should be postponed until a global peace agreement is reached

lishing Palestinian institutions

(Continued on page 3)

with all Arab states.

Palestinian scouts march with bagpipes and drums through the West Bank town of Ramallah to

Syrian media say Damascus insists on total Israeli withdrawal

DAMASCUS (AP) — State-run newspapers said Friday that Syria would not accept a peace settle-ment that fell short of returning

Israeli-occupied territories. The Damascus government has insisted on the return of the Golan Heights, occupied by Israel during the 1967 Arab-Israeli war, as part of any settle-

The newspaper Al Baath, organ of the ruling party, said Israel wanted to have peace while retaining occupied territory, but this will not be accepted by Syria

under any circumstances. Israel has said it needs the strategic Heights to ward off an attack, but reports from Washington have said the two sides might agree to a compromise under which the heights would be demilitarised and patrolled by

American peacekeeping troops. The Syrian government has not commented on these reports and they cannot be confirmed here. The newspaper commentaries would imply that, publicly, Syria insists on the Heights' full return

to Syria. Other Syrian newspapers stressed the government's line that any peace agreement should be comprehensive, including all Arab parties to the conflict. It is not clear whether Syria is seriously out to wreck Arafat's

accord with the Jewish state. President Bill Clinton, in a 40-minute telephone call to President Hafez Al Assad Wednesday. urged him to stifle hardliners before they can seriously threaten the U.S.-sponsored peace pro-

Rabin's Lebanon offer

Israel is willing to allow Lebanese army deploy next to the swath of southern Lebanon it deal with Hizbollah.

occupies and withdraw from the . Israel's self-advertised "secur country after a six-month trial ity zone" is patrolled by 1,500 period, Prime Minister Yitzhak Israeli troops and by the South Rabin said in an interview broad-Lebanon Army (SLA), a 3,000-

cast Thursday. measures and let's start with are generally accepted among Lebanon," Mr. Rabin said in the Lebanese, who resent their preinterview made for the Jewish sence. new year.

In the same vein, Foreign Minister Shimon Peres said the the sovereign land of Lebanon," time has come for Israel to make Mr. Rabin said. "All we want is peace with all Arab states. "There are 24 Arab countries

and just as we made the normalisation with China and India and many other countries, here too we have to make peace... with all " Mr. Peres said on Israel Television. The Arab League has only 21 members. It was not clear why Mr. Peres was referring to

Mr. Rabin said he made his offer on Lebanon in August through U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher.

He said Israel was willing to let Lebanon deploy up to 3,000 troops in southern Lebanon next to the Israel forces to disarm guerrillas who have attacked

"If they can prove for six months or more that they are capable of preventing terror, then I am willing to come to a peace treaty with Lebanon within three months," Mr. Rabin said. "We will withdraw to the international border."

In Beirut, Lebanese officials had no immediate comment on Mr. Rabin's offer. They have rejected it before, demanding a full Israeli withdrawal.

Mr. Rabin criticised Syria for torpedoing the original deal by pressuring the Lebanese government to send just 400 troops to southern Lebanon, too few to

"Let's start confidence building against the Israeli troops there

ever demanded a centimetre of security.

He added that after peace agreement is reached, SLA should be dismantled, with some of its fighters possibly joining the Lebanese army.

The pre-recorded interview was taped in Rabat, Morocco, on Tuesday, Mr. Rabin paid a surprise visit to Morocco on his return from Washington, where an Israeli accord with the Palestine Liberation Organisation

(PLO) was signed.

Mr. Rabin said the success of the accord that will give self-rule to Palestinians in the occupied Gaza Strip and West Bank town of Jericho was dependent on foreign economic aid, but he did not want to see it taken from the \$3 billion the U.S. gives Israel annually. ,

Also Thursday, Israel said it was sending two top diplomats to Tunisia next week to prepare for next month's multilateral discussions there on Palestinian re-

Foreign ministry spokesman Uri Pelti said it will be the first time an official Israeli delegation would visit Tunisia. He said Shlomo Gur, a political adviser to Deputy Foreign Minister Yossi Beilin, and media adviser Yossi Gal would leave Monday. Mr. Gur was one of the handful

(Continued on page 3)

Palestinian dies amid pro-, anti-accord rallies

Combined agency dispatches

AMMAN (J.T.) The first stone A Palestinian teenager shot by Israeli troops during a clash in the occupied Gaza Strip a week ago died of his wounds Friday,

Palestinian sources said. Imad Hassan Al Sharif, 16, was shot in the head during a violent protest in the Rafah refus camp against the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)

antonomy pact, the sources said. His death takes to 1,124 the number of Palestinians killed by Israeli gunfire since the intifada began in the occupied territories six years ago, according to an AFP toll compiled from Palesti-

nian sources. The news of his death sparked angry demonstrations in Gaza

City, wimesses said.
The Gaza Strip, West Bank and East Jerusalem were largely shut down on Friday by a strike call from the Islamic resistance Movement Hamas, which opposes the peace agreement

signed with Israel. Hamas has been calling for a work stoppage on the 17th of each month to mark Israel's expulsion of some 400 Palestinians to Lebanon last December 17.

Last week, 181 expellees were allowed back into the Gaza Strip and West Bank, most of them to serve prison terms. The remaining expelled Palestinians are still

stranded in South Lebanon. Thousands of Palestinians,

staged demonstrations. Thursday across the occupied Gaza Strip to show support for the autonomy plan, while Islamic militants vowed to kill PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat.

The demonstrations came on the second day of a four-day the Israeli military for the Jewish new year holiday. The holiday

began Wednesday evening.
The main rally was held at Gaza City's Palestine Square, where the demonstrators waved Palestinian flags and portraits of Mr. Arafat, listening to a band. Some were dancing.

"Yes to Gaza and Jericho" they chanted. "Welcome, Arafat and Rabin.

Other slogans referred to opponents of the agreement. ich grants Palestinians self-rule in Gaza and the West Bank town of Jericho.

"Shut your mouth, Ahmad Yassin, we are with Arafat" shouted the demonstrators, denouncing a leader of Hamas. The elderly Sheikh Yassin is serving a life sentence in an Israeli jail.

The demonstrators then boarded dozens of buses and vans to drive through the streets of Gaza City. Israeli soldiers were nowhere to be seen.

(Continued on page 3)

Israeli, PLO leaders win first peace award

PARIS (Agencies) — The leaders of the Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) on Friday won the first of an expected string of international prizes for their landmark peace agreement.

The U.N. Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) awarded its annual Felix Houphouet-Boigny Peace Prize to Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin, Foreign Minister Shimon Peres, and PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat.

It came just four days after Israel and the PLO signed an accord on Palestinian self-rule in the Gaza Strip and Jericho at a White House ceremony in Washington, raising the prospect of ending decades of Arab-Israeli bloodshed in the Middle east.

A jury headed by former U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger selected the three-men, who will receive the prize at a ceremony later this year.

The UNESCO prize was first awarded in 1991, going jointly to South African President F. W. de Klerk and African National Congress leader Nelson Mandela. Last year, the prize went to the International Academy of Law in

the Hague. The awaid carries with it 800,000 francs (\$144,000) in prize money.

ward. In this dramatic year, the signing of the accord between Israel and the PLO was by far the most important event," Dr. Kissinger told journalists at UN-ESCO headquarters in Paris.

Asked whether the agreement was as big a breakthrough for Middle East peace as the 1978 Camp David accords between Israel and Egypt, he said: "It can have the same importance but it is more complicated. Major issues have yet to be settled and the follow-up will be more diffi-

The award by UNESCO came at a time when U.S. President Bill Clinton is considering whether the United States should rejoin the organisation after quitting it with Britain in the mid-1980s in protest against its alleged anti-Western bias.

One of the issues which alienated conservative U.S. and British governments at the time was a perceived pro-Palestinian and anti-Israeli bias by the U.N. agency.

The Israeli and PLO leaders. who announced mutual recognition last week after eight months of secret negotiations in Norway. may be too late to win this year's Nobel Peace Prize, to be announced in Oslo on Oct. 15.

U.N. wants more troops in Somalia

Combined agency dispatches

UNITED NATIONS - With violence increasing in Mogadishu, the U.N.'s top envoy in Somalia says he requires up to 5,000 additional troops to keep order in the Somali capital.

Jonathan Howe, a retired American admiral, also disclosed a tentative 18-month timetable for recreating a Somali govern-ment, an indication most of the 23,000 U.N. troops might no longer be needed by then.

But he told a news conference Thursday that the United Nations would have to establish control over Mogadishu, where its troops are battling forces loyal to warlord General Mohammad Farah Aidced.

Adm. Howe said he wanted another brigade, between 3,000 and 5,000 men for the capital, although diplomats say few states are volunteering because of mounting casualties and the U.N.'s inability to reimburse contributing nations,

The United Nations has about 12,00 troops in Mogadishu, many of them support and logistics

U.N. troops in the capital have been under siege since gunmen loyal to Gen. Aideed killed 24 Pakistani peacekeepers on June 5 at the start of a guerrilla war to drive them from the country. Gen. Aideed has eluded capture since then.

Nevertheless, Adm. Howe said he expected nationwide general elections in January 1995 and a transitional national government established as early as 1994.

He said 30 of the country's 66 district councils had been set up and were expected to take over gradually the administration of local police and judiciary func-tions. Between 1994 and 1996 a major economic development programme could begin, including the return of more than a million refugees.

The United States has already circulated a new Security Council resolution approving a recent proposal by Secretary-General Boutres Ghali to rebuild the country's police force and judicial

The plan, expected to cost \$60. million, may be approved by the council next week, U.S. diplomats said.

Adm. Howe returned to the United States for consultations with U.N. officials and to convince members of the U.S. Congress that the Somali operation is on the right track despite the difficulties in Mogadishu.

He said the media and much of the world was ignoring progress the United Nations had made in restoring some semblance of normalcy in vast areas outside the

But he turned down an Italian suggestion to negotiate with Gen.

France to withdraw forces

France is to withdraw its troops serving with U.N. forces in Somalia between Dec. 15 and Jan. 15, General Philippe Mercier, operations director for the general staff, said Friday.

The withdrawal, announced at the beginning of the summer by Defence Minister Francois Leotard, will include all France's forces, which are based around the town of Baidoa.

The area was one of the worst hit by famine and violence last year but was now described as "very calm" by Gen. Mercier.

The general told a press confernce in Paris there had been excellent relations between

Mediation bid stalls

French troops and Somalis.

Two envoys from Ethiopia and Eritrea left Mogadishu Friday after an unsuccessful initial bid to mediate between the United Nations and Gen. Aideed.

The two diplomats, Haile Menkerios of Eritrea and Lissane Yohannes of Ethiopia, had spent about a week in Somalia's embattled capital attempting to broker a political solution to the bloody conflict between Gen. Aideed's rag-tag militia and U.N.

peacekeepers:
"Neither side was willing to

Rangers arrest wrong people

U.S. Army Rangers have made a second embarrassing mistake in their search for Gen. Aideed, arresting supporters of the warlord's arch enemy. Ranger troops also killed an armed Somali dur-

ing a new raid Friday. A U.N. spokesman confirmed details of an airborne assault in which Rangers arrested suppor-ters Ali Mahdi Mohammad, a foe of Gen. Aideed's who backs the U.N. effort to restore stability in

Somali newspapers and sources reported the Ranger troops, sear-ching for Gen. Aideed, on Tuesday stormed a compound belonging to Gen. Ahmad Jilow Adow, an Ali Mahdi supporter who is helping the U.N. programme to restore the Somali police force.

Gen. Adow and the others arrested were released with apologies soon after the raid, said a source who insisted on anonym-

In a similar incident last month, Rangers dropped on ropes from helicopters in an. elaborate raid to seize Gen. Aideed, only to discover the building they raided was a project office of the U.N. Development Programme. Three foreign U.N. workers and five Somali employees were detained in that

Ciampi urges dialogue

Italian Prime Minister Carlo Azeglio Ciampi said Friday the U.N. mission in Somalia should not turn into a "police opera-

Mr. Ciampi, in the United States on an official visit, was talking to politicians ahead of a meeting with President Bill Clinton in Washington later Friday.

"The mission in Somalia must not transform itself into a police in a meeting with members of the U.S. House of Representatives. Two Italian soldiers were shot

change its position, so nothing dead by snipers in the capital came out of it," said a diplomatic Mogadishu on Wednesday, bringing the total number of Italian fatalities in Somalia to six over the past three months.

Three were killed in an ambush in July and another shot himself

On Thursday in Rome, Italy's Defence Minister Fabio Fabbri launched a call for dialogue between the U.N. and Somali poli-

"What is needed is an initiative capable of reducing tensions, breaking the spiral of violence and starting a dialogue," Mr. Fabbri told parliament.

President Clinton met later with Mr. Ciampi where talks focused on their differences over the United Nations' policy in

"My main concern is not to allow the situation to deteriorate to the condition which it was in before the United Nations went there," Mr. Clinton said before the talks got underway in the Oval Office.

"Obviously, we would like it if some political initiative could be taken to stop the current violence," he added.

'We certainly can't afford to do anything that would permit the country, after all the effort the United Nations has made, to deteriorate to its former condition where hundreds of thousands of people are killed or starved at random," Mr. Clinton said. It was the first meeting be-

tween Mr. Ciampi and Mr. Clinton since they met on the sidelines of the Group of Seven industrialised nations summit in Tokyo in July. The U.N. Security Council is

mulling a draft resolution that would call on the United Nations to begin work on a Somali police force and legal system, according to a text being circulated Friday. The draft resolution, backed by the United States, urges Dr. Ghali to move quickly to establish a Somali police force and legal system, as well as encourage peace talks and national recon-

ciliation. It also condemns attacks on

UNRWA has a key role in rebuilding Gaza infrastructure

VIENNA (R) - With the handshakes over, the real manual labour of rebuilding the Gaza Strip and Jericho after this week's historic Middle East peace accord has to begin, a top U.N. aid agency official said.

Ilter Turkmen, commissioner eneral of the Vienna-based United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestinian Refugees (UNRWA) said investment in the newly-autonomous areas was vital to secure popular Palestinian backing for the deal.

"In Gaza there is tremendous

enthusiasm for the peace process. There are of course great expectations, which are very good—but also dangerous because they can lead to great frustrations," he told Reuters in an interview.

Secretary-General Boutros Ghali last week set up a task force to coordinate social and economic aid, where UNRWA is represented with the U.N. Develop-ment Programme, the World Health Organisation and the U.N. Children's Fund (UN-

The team will present an action plan by the end of next week.
But UNRWA, which already runs education, medical, welfare and jobs programmes for Palestinians in Gaza and the West Bank, as well as in Jordan, Lebanon and Syria, already has the people on the ground to take decisive early action, Mr. Turkmen said.
"It is clear to us that in the

short term UNRWA will have a lot to do, particularly in Gaza," The agency has 5,000 workers

in Gaza and devotes \$75 million of its \$300 million annual budget to the territory. Nevertheless, living conditions in the tiny strip of land — home to 800,000 Palestinians — have deteriorated badly since the in-

tifada began in 1987. In addition to existing prog-rammes, UNRWA has already drafted a list of \$45 million in keyinvestment projects which could be implemented ahead of elections scheduled next summer.

"Out proposal is that in the short term, which means the nine months leading up to the elec-tions, we have to have a concentrated programme of investment in order to create as rapidly as possible employment in Gaza,"

But UNRWA's role in the fiveyear transition period that is aimed at bringing a lasting settle-ment between Israelis and Palestinians is less clear, Mr. Turkmen said. _____

"The PLO would like UN-RWA to continue for the interim period, which is for the next five years, if everything goes smooth-ly and at the end of this period there is a permanent solution. "But our operations are not

limited to West Bank and Gaza. We also have operations in Syria, Lebanon and Jordan, where you have something close to 1.8 million refugees.

'Our activities will continue there also in the interim period, but if there is a permanent solu-tion — which should include a solution of the problem of the refugees — then UNRWA's man-.date will come to an end," he

UNRWA, established in 1950 and based in Vienna since moving from Beirut in 1976, has never had a permanent U.N. mandate. In the meantime, Mr. Turkmen hopes that UNRWA can play a role in putting to work some of the money pledged by the World Bank, the European Community and Gulf states towards invest-

ment in the region.

"In the light of the report of the task force, the U.N. will decide how to distribute this — and I am sure that UNRWA will receive part of it towards the financing needs of the short-term period. In the short term we can do a lot more than the other agencies," he said. But for the moment, UN-RWA's role in Dr. Ghali's overall plans — discussed Tuesday night at a meeting with Paslestine Li-beration Organisation leader Yasser Arafat in New York remains unclear until the task

force's findings are approved,
"What we don't know is
whether we'll be asked to continue and for how long, whether we will hand over and to whom," UNRWA spokesman Emil Pyrich

Warring Sudan factions 🗝 to cooperate in relief effort

NAIROBI (AP) — Rival Sudanese rebel factions Thursday agreed to cooperate to ensure delivery of relief supplies to millions of sick, starving and dis-placed people in their war-torn

International aid groups said they viewed the development with caution because factions of the rebel Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA) have broken previous agreements to allow the safe delivery of food and medi-

But they said the very fact the groups are talking about cooperating could lead to reconciliation between them.

"We can hope," said Brenda Barton, spokesman for the U.N. World Food Programme in the Kenyan capital, Nairobi.

Under the : onsorship of the umbrella New Sudan Council of Churches, representatives of two main rebel factions, Sudanese women's groups and other grassroots organisations Thursday signed a statement asking to play a greater role in Sudan's emergency relief efforts and in long-term rehabilitation projects: The statement appealed to pri-

vate and government international aid groups to train more-Sudanese to work in these areas. The SPLA took up arms in 1983 against the mostly Muslim and Arab government in Khartoum to win a bigger share of Sudan's wealth and power for-Christians and blacks in the coun-

try's undeveloped south. All sides in the conflict have hampered delivery of relief supplies. Over the past 10 years an estimated one million people have died from war, starvation, disease, flooding or drought, and at least two million people are reported currently dis-

But factional fighting since a September 1991 split among rebels — particularly clashes in recent months in the country's worst famine areas — has destroyed feeding centres, halted food deliveries and sent thousands of severely malnourished people fleeing into the bush, where they are doomed to almost certain death.

Following the recent fighting, rebel groups signed two U.S.brokered agreement to move all fighters out of an area so desperate it has been dubbed the "hunger triangle" by aid workers.

"We realised that the efforts being made by the international community to save the lives of the millions affected by war and natural disasters were being frustrated by what is happening among ourselves," Mario Muor Muor, head of relief for the rebel faction led by John Garang, said Thurs-

Carlo Madut Deng, relief official for the rival faction led by Riek Machar, said he believed military leaders would get behind efforts to improve humanitarian

S. Arabia sets up regional structures

DUBAI (R) — Saudi Arabia's al council, which should meet king Fand Thursday issued devery three months, according to crees dividing the country into 13 regions and outlining the struc-

ture of new regional assemblies. Following his appointment last nonth of a national Shura (consultative) council to assist the government in ruling the king-dom, the new decrees will give Saudis at local level a greater say in running their regional affairs. Regions under the decree will

continue to be run by the emirs (governors) appointed by the king, but in future they will each be advised by an appointed council, similar to the 60-member national Shura which included senior religious, business and intellectual figures from outside the ruling family.

The national Shura's appointment gave commoners a say in the running of the kingdom for the first time in almost 60 years.

Thursday's decrees said each region would be headed by an emir and a wakil (deputy). Each province will in trun be divided into smaller units run by appointed administrators.

The emir would chair a region-

the decrees.

Council members would be made up of heads of regional government offices, and at least in 10 distinguished local men aged 30 or over, serving four-year

King Fahd would choose members from a list of candidates nominated by the local emir and approved by the minister of interior, the decree said.

The councils should "determine the needs of the region" and suggest ways local needs could be met through the kingdom's

national development plan.

They should also "propose projects which would benefit local" people and encourage the people to participate in them," the de-

The new system "aims to enhance the level of administrative and developmental work in the regions of the kingdom as well as preserve security and order and ensure rights of citizens and freedom in the framework of the Islamic Sharia (law)," the decree

NEWS IN BRIEF

PLO and EC plan aid programme

BRUSSELS (R) — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) began detailed planning with the European Community Thursday for aid to underpin its peace accord with Israel. Nabil Shaath, senior political adviser to PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat, discussed assistance for sewage works, health services and education commission sources said. Dr. Shaath and lunch with Development Commissioner Manuel Marin and also met the commissioners for external political relations, Hans van den Broek, and energy and transport, Abel Matutes. The sources said both sides believed efficient economic aid was essential once the political groundwork had been laid for granting Palestinian self-rule in Jericho and the Gaza Strip. They also agreed that the commission should coordinate aid from member states and help in wider coordination of aid efforts from such sources as the World Bank and the Nordic countries. The commissioners confirmed the EC's invitation to Mr. Arafat to visit Brussels, but dates have still to be fixed both for this and for a proposed joint visit to the EC by Israeli and PLO experts. EC finance ministers on Monday approved 20 million ECUS (\$24 million) in short-term economic aid for the occupied territories.

German police warn Kurds against attacks

MUNICH (R) - Kurdish militants plan a wave of attacks and occupations at Kurdish offices in Germany similar to a Europewide raid in June in which one demonstrator was killed, police said Thursday. Police in Munich were Kurds occupied the Turkish consulate-general during their June protests, said Turkey's offices and businesses could again be a target. A statement from police headquarters said its warning was based on threats in leaflets distributed in Germany by the rebel Kurdish Labour Party (PKK). whose battle in southeast Turkey for independence has cost 6,300 lives since 1984. Turkey's first woman prime minister, Tansu Ciller, arrives in Bonn Monday for a two-day visit. Germany's 1.8-million Furks make up the largest foreign community in the country.

IOC may invite Palestinians to Atlanta

ATLANTA (R) — The International Olympic Committee (IOC) will probably be asked this week to consider inviting Palestinian athletes to participate in the 1996 games in Atlanta, a spokesman for the Atlanta Organising Committee said Thursday. The Palestinians have been pariahs since the 1972 Olympics in Munich when a group of guerrillas broke into the Olympic village, seized Israeli athletes and eventually killed 11 of them and one policemen. Five of the guerrillas died when they attempted to take their hostages out of the country. The IOC executive board probably will be asked by its president, Juan Antonio Samaranch, to consider a Palestinian invitation when it meets on Friday in Monaco. according to Dick Yarbrough, the ACOG spokesman.

Family to visit British prisoner in Iraq

BAGHDAD (R) — Julie Ride, whose husband Paul is serving seven-year jail sentence in Iraq, arrived in Baghdad on Thursday to visit her husband. Mr. Ride, a 33-year-old Briton who worked as a catering manager in Kuwait, is in jail for illegally entering Iraq last August after straying across the border. Mrs. Ride, who brought her two-year-old son William, made no comment on arrival but a Russian diplomat said earlier that she was expected to stay in Baghdad for four days. Met by reporters after a long mini-bus journey from Amman, she turned to a Russian diplomat who helped her check into her hotel and said; "You're supposed to protect me from this." Speaking to a reporter later by telephone from her hotel room, Mrs. Ride said: "This is a private visit."

Arafat delays visit to Greece

ATHENS (AFP) — Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat has asked to delay by a week a visit to Greece scheduled to begin Monday, a Palestinian diplomat said Friday. A spokesman for the PLO office here said Mr. Arafat had asked for the delay of his first visit to a European Community country since the signing of an agreement with Israel because of other pressing business. The PLO chairman has not made an official visit to an EC country for two years in January 1989.

demands public trial of suspect "We demand a full invesrate. Jordanians and Palestiand lawyers and positively wrath if only because their leaders refused to join the assailant in court before repersons, no matter what their turning to the U.S. station, who were involved in

Lebanese victim of Kuwaiti rape

AMMAN — A Lebanese woman who has accused a

Kuwaiti intelligence officer of raping her and murdering her father and brother in March 1991 is demanding that court hearings of the case be held in public and her representatives be given access to the proceed-

ings. Naimat Farhat, 35, is also accusing the Kuwaiti government of trying to cover up the case since, she says, senior Ministry of Interior officials are involved in the affairs. Miss Farhat, who now lives

in Santa Cruz, California, with her brother Naim, was found with gunshot wounds in her head at her residence in Kuwait City on March 2, 1991, a few days after Kuwait was liberated from Iraqi occupa-The bullet-ridden bodies of

her father Ismail and brother Osama were in another room. According to Miss Farhat, she was helped by neighbours and friends and later moved to a Kuwaiti hospital and then to the U.S. where her brother Naim Farhat arranged for surgery. She survived but is crippled and needs constant help to move about.

It was one of the typical cases of atrocities committed by rengeful Kuwaitis who went on a rampage against non-Kuwaitis in the post-war emi-

U.S.-led multinational military coalition that drove out the Kuwaitis.

residence, threatened the family with a gun. He forced Miss Farhat to hogtie her brother and father, took her to another room and raped her twice. He shot her in the head, went out and shot the two men

ched an investigation into the

According to Mr. Omairi's lawyer, Khaled Al Naghesh, his client could not have committed the crime simply because he was not in a physical condition to have done so.

Miss Farhat travelled to Kuwait in July with her brother

Miss Farhat says a lone Kuwaiti officer came to the

outside. Naim Farhat picked up his family's cause and exerted efforts with the U.S., Lebanese and Kuwaiti governments, and, after a flurry of high-profile media reports, the emirate's government laun-

Subsequently, Jaber Abdullah al Motairi al Omairi, a former Kuwaiti intelligence operative, was detained. The man is said to be still suffering from injuries in a car accident, which, his lawyer says, hap-pened "several days before" the day Miss Farhat says her family was shot dead and she

was raned.

Since then, the court has

held several sessions, all of them behind closed doors. Mr. Farhat charges that the Kuwaiti authorities denied a visa for Egyptian lawyer Yahya Abdul Lauf Al Rifai, who was retained by his sister to represent her in court. Mr. Farhat, speaking on be-

half of his sister, also says that representatives of the U.S. and Lebanese embassies in Kuwait as well as human rights organisations were denied entry to the secret court sessions. "To anyone who is really concerned about true justice. secret courtroom proceedings

are an invitation to the manipulation of facts," Mr. Farhat told the Jordan Times over the Mr. Farhat raised several other points, which, he says, are strong indications that the

Kuwaiti government was seeking to predetermine the outcome of the case. He said "witnesses" were present in Kuwait who could testify that Mr. Omairi was accompanied by at least two other officials from the Ministry of Interior who waited outde the Farhat residence while

the crimes were committed. "They were there under orders," he said. "Someone gave those orders and someone planned the killings.

the rape and the attempted murder of Naimat Farhat and the murders of Ismail Farhat and Osama Farhat," he said. By limiting the "scope of the case to one man," the Kuwaiti authorities are trying to ensure

that "the conspiracy behind

the murders and rape is not revealed," Mr. Farhat charged. Contrary to usual court proceedings, names of prosecution witnesses were released publicly in Kuwait in this case apparently with the aim of pressuring them into withdraw-

ing their willingness to testify in court, he said. Furthermore, he said, the authorities allowed the official Kuwaiti News Agency (KUNA) to interview the suspect and carry his denial of the

charges against him in the Kuwaiti media. There are dozens of non-Kuwaiti prisoners in Kuwait, including Palestinians and Jordanians and others," Mr. Farhat said. "Why the preferential treatment in this

Mr. Farhat, whose persistent efforts succeeded against obvious Kuwaiti opposition to opening the case, vowed: "There will not be bureaucra-tic amnesia in Kuwait. We will not let the Kuwaiti ministries

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR IORDAN TELEVISION

PROGRAMME TWO Les Aventuries de l'Espace
Envoye Special
News in French . Fenetre Sur . News in Arabio News in English
Feature Film: "Overraled"

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PRAYER TIMES

CHURCHES St. Mary of Nezareth Church Sweilleh, Assemblies of God Church, Tel. 632785. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590.

De la Salle Church Tel. 661757

Terrasancia Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tel. Church Tel. 630851, Tel. A**nglic**em 628543. Catholic Church Tel. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Amasan International Church Tel. 652526. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Duy Saints Tel. 823824, 654932 Church of Nazarene Tel.675691.

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

Mètéorology.	
It will be relat westerly winds be Aqaba, winds will ate and seas cale	ively bot with north- coming moderate. In I be northerly moder- m.
	Min./Max. temp.
Amman	20 / 33
Aquba	26 / 39
Descris	18/38

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 34.4, Aqaba 38. Humidity read-

ings: Amman 30 per cent. Aqaba 34 per cent. **USEFUL TELEPHONE** NUMBERS NIGHT DUTY

ZARQA: Dr. Samir Al Louzi

AMMAN: Dr. Jamil Tarif Dr. Abbas Al Hakim ... Dr. Fayez Al Dabbas ... Dr. Mukhles Mazahreh iras pharmacy Ferdows pharmacy .
Al Asema pharmacy . 778336 623672 636730 . 644945 . 637660

nad Al Khalifi 277757

EMERGENCIES

630341 891,228 Highway Police
Traffic Police
Public Security Department
Hotel Complaints
Price Complaints 896390 . 605800 Water and Sewerage 897467 787111 623101 773111

Queen Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-53200 HOSPITALS

AMMAN:

Japai Amman Maten Malhas, J. Amman Palestine, Shmesani Shmeisani Hospital University Hospital 664171/4 . 845845 Al-Muasher Hospital The Islamic, Abdali Al-Ahli, Abdali Italian, Al-Muhajreen Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 777101/3 Army. Marka Oucen Alia Hospital Amal Hospital
ZARQA: IRBID: Princess Basma Hospital
Greek Catholic Hospital
Ibu Al Nafees Hospital
AQABA: (02)275555

Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111

FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified.

AIRPORT

ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

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65:	39 Jakarta, Singapore (R
895	S New Dethi (R
10:	15 Dhahran i R
10	😘 Karachi, Dubai i 🛭
18-1	😘 💮 Cuim Amhais
10=	55 Beirut (R
11:	66 Abu Ditabi, Doba (R
11:	0 Colombo / 0
18:	Cairo (R
18:	10
18:	5 Istanbel (R

London, Berlin (R.) Other Flights (Terminal 2) Larriaca (CY) Sanaz (1Y Muscat, Doba (GF

DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

21:45

87:90 ... Beirut (RJ) Istanbul (RJ) Paris, Brussels (RJ) . Geneva, Madrid (RJ) .. Amsterdam, New York (R.) London (R f 21:39 21:45 in, Doha (RJ) 21:4S

... Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2) Larnzes (CY) Beirnt (ME) Riysdit (SA) Sensa (IY)

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MARKET PRICES

Upper/lower price in fils per kg.

..... Cairo (MS) Dubai (EM) ascus, Paris (AF)

Senate speaker addresses world parliamentarians

AMMAN (Petra) — Speaker of the Upper House of Parliament Ahmad Al Lawzi Friday said Jordan views the peace process which was launched in Madrid almost two years ago as a unique historic opportunity to the just and durable peace in the region.

He said Jordan's firm commitment to the cause of peace is reflected in its recognition of the United Nations Security Council resolutions 242 and 338.

Addressing the 90th session of the International Parliamentary Union (IPU), currently being held in Canberra, Australia, Mr. Lawzi said Jordan has always called for implementing resolu-tions 242 and 338.

The Senate speaker voiced Jordan's support for the "Gaza-Jericho first" agreement between the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Israel, saying that it constitutes the beginning of the comprehensive and just solution which the Arab parties involved have always sought.

Based on its firm commitment, Jordan has signed the Jordanian Israeli agenda, which was agreed upon two months ago, Mr. Lawzi

He called on the international community to enable the Palestinian people to excerise their right to self-determination on their national soil, and to achieve a just

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Ahmad Al Lawzi

and comprehensive peace along with other Arab parties involved. To do this, the international community should provide all elements of success, including Israei's total withdrawal from the occupied West Bank including Jerusalem, the Gaza Strip, the Golan Heights, and South Lebanon, and removing Israeli settlements, he said.

Mr. Lawzi also called on the international commutity to allevi-ate the suffering of the Iraqi people, by providing their basic needs for food and medicine and keeping them from the looming dangers of starvation and

NEWS IN BRIEF

Kaabneh returns from France

AMMAN (Petra) - Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff General Abdul Hafez-Mirai Al Kaabneh returned home Friday after a five-day official visit to France.

Minister leaves for Arab League Council talks

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Sataan Al Hassan Friday left for Cairo at the head of an official Jordanian delegation to take part in the 100th session of the Arab League Council, which will be held there Sunday. In a departure statement Mr. Al Hassan said the council is convened in critical circumstances, following the latest developments of the peace process and the mutual recognition between the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), Israel and the United States. Mr. Al Hassan said he will brief the council on His Majesty King Hussein's efforts to support the Palestinian decision and highlight the Palestinian identity. He added that he will also explain Jordan's firm positions on the peace process. On the session's agenda, Mr. Al Hassan said it includes important issues, including the Palestine question, the Euro-Arab dialogue, the African-Arab dialogue. Arab relations with international, regional blocs and common Arab work

2 health seminars scheduled at university

AMMAN (Petra) - Two workshops on modern trends to improve health will be held at the University of Jordan today (Saturday) and Tuesday respectively. Taking part in the workshops will be representatives of the Ministry of Health, the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA) health services, the University of Jordan and representatives of private sector health institutions.

Arabian horse festival to begin Monday

AMMAN (Petra) - The Arabian Horse Festival will begin here Monday under the Royal patronage. The festival, which will be held at the Royal Stables, including a horse-riding competition which will take place Wednesday and Thursday at Hussein Youth City field. The preparatory committee for the festival, headed by Her Royal Highness Princess Alia Bint Al Hussein, is pursuing efforts to ensure the success of the festival.

Haya centre to start month-long programme

AMMAN (Petra) — The Haya Arts Centre in Amman Saturday will start implementing a month-long cultural programme for children in Jordan. Nabih Riyal, the centre's director, said school children will benefit from programmes related to astronomy, plays performed by the Haya centre's children, and cultural and scientific competitions. The centre will organize trips for the youngsters to the Haya Arts Centre and orient them on the special Housing Bank branch which offers services to children. said Mr. Rival. The children will also be familiarised with the special science museum and other activities, Mr. Riyal added. All the events the month will be conducted during school hours when the children can come to the centre in groups, but the Cinderella play which will be presented at the centre will be performed on Thursday and Friday afternoons each week, Mr. Riyal said.

Palestinian boy dies amid rallies

Sadat."

(Continued from page 1)

Another demonstration in support of the agreement was held in the Deir Al Balah refugee camp. Arab reports said several thousand people took part. Small groups of Muslim fundamentalists also took to the streets of Gaza City, shouting

slogans against Mr. Arafat. In the village of Beit Lahiya, a few hundred people raised black flags and green Islamic banners near the home of a Palestinian who was shot to death Sunday after he fatally stabbed an Israeli

"Martyr blood is our key to

paradise" the protesters shouted.
"Wait, Abu Ammar (Arafat)

tramped upon and burned American and Israeli flags, chanting: "Arafat, the new Sadat, nobody is with you."

seize Muslim holy places.

Islamic Jihad will kill you just like

Egyptian President Anwar

Sadat was assassinated by fun-

damentalists in 1981 after con-

cluding a peace treaty with Israel

Speakers denounced Mr. Ara-

fat as traitor and pro-Israeli col-

laborator, and some said the

peace deal will allow Israel to

The demonstrators also

A letter from an Islamic Jihad leader in Damascus, Satchi Shukaki, urged them to fight the peace accord.

health in prison

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Interna- changes of views are meant to tional Committee of the Red permit the participants to later Cross (ICRC), in cooperation train their other colleagues conwith the Ministry of Health, will hold a seminar on "Health in on how to deal with the sensitive Prison" on Sept. 22 and 23 at the problems of this particular field, Royal Cultural Centre with the participation of the Jordan National Red Crescent Society (JNRCS) and the International Federation of the Red Cross and the Red Crescent Societies

Jordanian physicians associ- ated with detention centres throughout Jordan will partici-The planned lectures and ex- vices and security.

cerned with health in detention said an ICRC statement.

two-day seminar include: - Medical ethics and prison Psychiatry and detention Water and sanitation

Papers to be presented at the

Infection in prison - Forgotten prisoner: the Conflicts between health ser

Stone-setting event. to be held in Karak

AMMAN (J.T.) — The first stone of the new hospital in Karak will be laid Sunday and a sion will be held by Karak Governorate authorities and the Karak Municipality.

The construction of the new hospital started on Aug. 1, 1993. It will take around 18 months to complete, at a cost of around \$8.5 million, \$7 million of which are grants from the Italian government and the rest in civil works, funded by the Jordanian inthorities through a tender with

a local company.

It will have a 120-bed capacity. which can be immediately doubled and services for 250 people, on 6,000 square metres, with the latest and most sophisticated, technologically advanced Italian equipment, according to Italian

The hospital will be able to serve around 150,000 citizens in Karak governorate.

The Italian government is funding and supervising technical and construction works carried out jointly by an Italian and a Jordanian company. Rome is also providing experts

and designs for the project. The hospital will include units for surgery, internal diseases, gynaecology and obstetrics, paediatrics, intensive care. emergency and first-aid sections. laboratories, a pharmacy and

The construction of the new hospital is the completion of the wider and comprehensive project to reorganise primary health services in Karak governorate.

The total engagement by the Italian government for this project is around \$9 million and its main aims are training of local personnel, improving regional health facilities and creating a registration and treatment system for patients to become a model applicable to other parts of the country and a training centre for professional nurses and para-

According to the embassy statement, the project has another important component in the "Clinical Instructors Programme," jointly executed in Jor-dan by the Italian Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the Jordanian Ministry of Health.

The project started in 1988 by establishing a 9-month diploma course training senior nurses for the position of clinial instructors. The main goal of the project has been the improvement of the quality of nursing care in the Kingdom through the utilisation

of skilled nurse clinical instruc-Since its start 45 instructors have been trained and are now deployed in the main Jordanian

They are providing regular training to the nurses while on

Land protection project to start in Zarqa basin

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

★ Art exhibition by Iraqi artist Nouri Al Rawi at Baladna Art

☆ Exhibition by artists Mohammad Al Ameri and Ghassan Abu

☆ Art exhibition by Munther Al Ma'ani at the Royal Cultural Centre.

★ Art exhibition by Egyptian artist H. Bikar at the Balqa' Art

Paintings exhibition by Amor Aouens and Salam Kanaan at the

Darat Al Funan of the Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation in Jabal

Laweibdeh (10 a.m.-7 p.m.; Fridays 10 a.m. - 5 p.m.) Tel.

Exhibition of paintings by Jordanian artist Bishara Najjar at Exhibelia Art Gallery, Amra Shopping Centre.

Art exhibition by Omer Al Basoul entitled "Environment and Heritage in Jordan" at the Royal Cultural Centre.

* Permanent exhibition of 58 artists and "Chair" Exhibition at

★ Exhibition of children's paintings at the British Council.

Laban at the Royal Cultural Centre.

Gallery in Pubeis.

Alia Art Gallery.

AMMAN (Petra) - Three local three firms will carry out other firms are to conduct soil-related projects at a cost of JD450,000 within seven months as part of current project to develop the Zarqa Rîver Basin.

Under the terms of the agreement, which was signed by Agri-culture Minister Marwan Kamal Thursday, 318 farms of a total area of 15,400 dunums will benefit from the construction of 80,000 metres of retaining walls and 2,000 cubic metres of stone walls to protect farms located along the waterway.

Under the agreement also, the

project are located in the areas of Kitteh, Jerash, Rumeimin, Alouk, Zarqa, Mafraq and is aimed at helping the local farmers drive to reclaim lands for more food production.

soil related schemes such as opening contours and raising existing

The farms to benefit from the

It said the quarrel arose be-

The soil maintenance project in and around the Zarga River Basin is part of a project to prevent soil erosion in lands along the Zarqa River which flows into the King Talal Dam.

Seminar to study | Jordan, PLO to form panel to review future cooperation

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) agreed to set up a higher joint committee which in turn would form sub-committees to discuss important questions relevant to their future mutual

cooperation. The announcement of the agreement, which followed a meeting here Thursday between Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali and head of the PLO's Political Department Farouk Al Kaddoumi, said the subcommittees will discuss such matters as Jerusalem: the refugees: economic, security and border educational and health coopera-

The two sides agreed that the sub-committees should hold regular meetings

Dr. Majali said the Jordanian government would be ready to provide assistance to the Palestinians in their drive to set up their own national institutions.

Dr. Majali and Mr. Kaddoumi reviewed the latest developments in the region in the wake of the PLO-Israeli agreement and the signing of the Jordanian-Israeli

The two sides said that the higher joint committee was

2 die

road

accidents

AMMAN (J.T.) - One person

was killed and another injured

when a dump truck ran over them

as they walked along the pave-

ment of a street near the National

The Jordan News Agency, Pet-

ra, said the driver of the truck

apparently lost control of his

speed and swayed in the direction

of the two pedestrians.

chicle which was moving at high

Hospital in Zarga Thursday.



Abdul Salam Al Maiali

needed to further enhance the special relationship between Jor-dan and the PLO.

Earlier Thursday, Dr. Majali sent a cable to Palestine President Yasser Arafat congratulating him on the PLO-Israeli deal and the Israeli recognition of the PLO's leadership of the Palestinian peo-

Referring to the PLO deal, the Prime Minister said, "it came to pave the ground for helping the Palestinians regain their legitimate rights and was brought ab-



Farouk Al Kaddoumi

efforts."

Reiterating Jordan's continued support for the Palestinian people, the Prime Minister said "Jordan has always sought to enable the Palestinians to regain their political and historic rights in their own homeland, and since 1948 the Kingdom has sought to protect the Palestinian identity which in the peace talks it provided the umbrella for the Palestinians to be involved actively in the peace process."

Referring to His Majesty King Hussein's firm and unchanging

stand in supporting the independent decision of the Palestinian leadership, Dr. Majali said, "Jordan had refrained from taking any step along its track with the Israelis until progress had been achieved on the Israeli-Palestinian track."

"We fully support the independent Palestinian decision and will continue to provide any possible assistance to the Palestinian peo-

ple," concluded the premier.

The prime minister received a reply cable from President Arafat in which the PLO leader voiced deep appreciation to the King, government and people of Jordan for their continued support for the Palestinian people.

"May I express deep appreciation of and pride in the role you personally played during the peace process, and I hereby reaffirm the PLO's determination to pursue the process of coordination, cooperation and consultation with the Jordanian govern-

ment," said Mr. Arafat. He said the PLO-Israeli G22a-Jericho first agreement was only part of an overall plan for the establishment of the Palestinian self-rule over the whole of the occupied Palestinian territory, in-

Islamic medical relief group in separate opens regional office in Amman

has been operating in Jordan since 1990, formally opened a

assistance to needy families of

In Amman, the driver of an HAMR was created by the league

ambulance was killed and five school children were injured when the ambulance collided a truck near the Sports City.
A report in Sawt Al Shaab
Friday said initial police investigations revealed that the driver ignored the stop light signal and collided with an oncoming truck. The ambulance then hit a private

ambulance driver died on impact. Al Duston Arabic daily reported Friday that a quarrel in Ajloun Thursday resulted in the death of one person.

mini school bus carrying children,

said the report. It said that the

The report said a male identified as M.A.F. used a switch blade to stab another male, identifies as A.H.G. killing im-

tween four persons from Ajloun and five others from the nearby town of Raieb. Police investigations into the

incident were underway.

AMMAN (Petra) — The Islamic to cater to the needs of needy International Association for Medical Relief (IIAMR), which

regional office in Amman. Minister of Social Development Mohammad Al Squur Thursday attended the inauguration ceremony, praising the existing relations between the IIAMR and the ministry in providing humanitarian and social

Jordan. Abdullah Ben Aqeel, World Islamic League assistant secretary general, attended the celebration, noting in a speech that the

Muslims around the world. According to Isam Filali, assistant supervisor of programmes in Jordan, the association has been

implementing several social and local community projects in full coordination with the ministry of social development, especially in remote and poor settlements. Mr. Filali said the association provides financial assistance to needy students among other services, but the main area is medical care.

He said the association plans to open clinics and dispensaries and conduct health awareness campaigns, adding that it will also carry out agricultural projects in-cluding drilling artesian wells in

housing units for the needy. Also planned, Mr. Filali said, is the construction of museries for needy children.

Among the main projects so far conducted in the Kingdom is the sewing centre in Azmi Al Mufti refugee camp, the orphanage at Hittin refugee camp and Islamic cultural centres in Madaba, Ba'qa and Tafileh, he said. The association has been caring

for the needs of 3,500 needy families annually, added Mr. Filali.

Representatives of nongovernmental organisations operating in Jordan were present at

JBA 40th anniversary celebration praises independence of judiciary

Minister Rateb Al Wazani Thursday opened a three-day celebration by the Jordanian Bar Association (JBA) marking its 40th anniversary saying that the independence of the judiciary system in Jordan has played a key role in boosting the legal profession.

It was more than 40 years ago when the founder of the Kingdom of Jordan, the late King Abdullah Ben Al Hussein, opened the JBA in Amman, and since then the association has been growing and

AMMAN (Petra) — Justice flourishing in this country and contributing towards its develop-ment, said the minister in an address at the opening ceremony.

Praising the JBA for honouring prominent attorneys and judges. the minister said he was pleased to see that the celebration is being used to discuss means for modernising law procedures, reg-ulations and legislation in Jordan.

Among the speakers at the opening ceremony was JBA President Kamal Nasser, who said that the association has been backing the judiciary's total inde-

the enhancement of democracy. Minister Kamal, who deputised at the ceremony for His Majesty King Hussein, received the JBA shield and distributed shields to notable active lawyers and judges and the relatives of deceased

The celebration includes a conference expected to review work. ing papers on arbitration, control of companies' activities, the role of the holding companies, and company mergers.

Israeli journalists leave Amman after told they 'overstayed welcome'

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Two Israeli journalists who entered Jordan and filed reports to Israeli Television and Israel Radio throughont last week left Amman early Thursday after authorities let overstayed their welcome." Information Minister Ma'an Abu

Nowar said Friday. Dr. Abu Nowar said the two, Dan Semama of Israel Television and Yitzhak Feller of Israel Radio, had entered the Kingdom on French and U.S. passports respectively and did not inform the Ministry of Information that they represented Israeli media.
"It was a clear case of decep-

tion," he said, "and we resent

moment of their entry they were Israelis, but we did not want to create a problem at a time when Jordan and Israel were poised to sign the agenda for peace negotiations,"

tility that was behind our decision to let them know that they had overstayed their welcome, hinting that they had better the minister said. "We felt it was too early for such interaction" between Jordan and Israel since the two

countries have a long way to go

before concluding a peace agreement on the basis of the

"It was not prejudice or hos-

principles outlined in the agenda signed in Washington on Tuesday, he said. Dr. Abu Nowar said the authorities had put the two

under surveillance "for their

close touch with the West Bank

people are in favour (of the peace

agreement), one third are against

and the rest are undecided," said

Some opinion polls have sug-

gested the level of support may

"I would say one half of the

and Gaza Strip.

another official.

own protection since we did not want any harm to come to them." It was not immediately clear where the two had headed for

after leaving Jordan. Dr. Abu

Nowar said they were not "de-

ported" and that "they left on their free will." The minister did not say how the two were told they were not welcome in Jordan at this point in time, but diplomatic sources said the French and U.S. embassies were informed of how Amman viewed the presence of the two carrying

French and American pass-Many Jordanians who watch Israel Television were jolted early this week to see it carry its own reports from Amman, marking the first time the Israeli Broadcasting Authority (IBA) had its own correspondents filing from the Jordanian

Jordan Television refused to transmit their reports, the iournalists themselves told journalists who met them. Some of the reports carried

footage from Amman with the photos of the correspondent superimposed. At least one report showed Mr. Semama and Mr. Feller talking to people in downtown Amman from a dis-

correspondent, is a Tunisiaborn French national who also has Israeli nationality. Mr. Feller, who was born in rents, also has dual nationality American and Israeli, He serves as reporter and editor at the news department of the IBA's Kol Israel.

Street reaction to the presence of the two in Jordan was

While some journalists maintained that it might help Israelis better understand Jordanian viewpoints through their own media, others said Israel was obviously seeking to advance its quest for normalisation of ties before arriving at a comprehensive Arab-

Israeli peace settlement. Hardliners who oppose the peace process itself were outraged and found another avenue to vent their anger.

Mr. Semama and Mr. Feller arrived in Amman from Ankara on Monday, the day Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) signed their landmark agreement at the White House and one day before Israel and Jordan

signed their agenda. They refused to be interviewed by Jordan-based or Jordanian journalists saying they did not want to "embarrass, annoy or offend anyone" in Jordan.

They said they were trying to establish "contacts" for reports from Jordan and had requested

interviews with officials. There was no record of any official granting them inter-

Media say Syria wants full pullout

(Continued from page 1)

of Israelis who were involved with the secret talks with the

PLO. Mr. Beilin will lead the delegation at the talks, scheduled for mid-October, Mr. Pelti said. The talks supplement the bilateral negotiations between Israel and Syria, Lebanon, Jordan and the Palestinians.

They include working groups on water, regional economic cooperation and the environment made up of representatives from Middle East countries meeting in various world capitals.

Until now, Israel has boycotted multinational meetings attended by Palestinians from outside the occupied territories. It wished to avoid the issue of right-of-return for Palestinians who fled when Israel was created in 1948.

Guerrillas attacked two SLA positions in South Lebanon Friday, security sources said. They said the guerrillas fired 81 mm mortar bombs at an SLA

post near Kfar Houneh village

Israel to allow back 400,000 refugees — PLO (Continued from page 1)

In an interview published by the Paris-based international edition of the Saudi daily Al Sharq Al Awsat, Mahmoud Abbas said the PLO had "abandoned neither the option of creating an independent Palestinian state, nor that of setting up a confederation with

Jordan. Mr. Abbas signed the autonomy agreement in Washington Monday with Israeli foreign Minister Shimon Peres. Ouestioned on the continuing dispute over the future of Jeru-

salem, he said: "Their Jerusalem should go to them and ours to us, because we consider the Holy City of Jerusalem - East Jerusalem which was occupied by Israel in 1967 - in the same light as all the other territory occupied in 1967 and thus it will be the capital of the state of Palestine when it is returned to us."

In Tunis, PLO officials loyal to Mr. Arafat said Friday they were winning the battle for the hearts and minds of Palestinians under Israeli occupation.

They said the Muslim funheadquarters, which keeps in

damentalist movement Hamas, by agreeing not to attack suppor-ters of the PLO's deal with Israel, had shown it was willing to act as the democratic and non-violent opposition to the PLO chairman. Syria, they added, will even-

tually abandon Palestinian groups

campaigning against Mr. Arafat

and talking about setting up a rival PLO. "In the occupied territories there is now more support than opposition. Mr. Arafat has been bombarded with phone calls of

be higher, at around two thirds of the population. - Palestinian leaders want the support," said one official at PLO

European Community to coordinate international aid to help the occupied territories become autonomous, a Belgian foreign ministry spokesman said Friday.

Mr. Semama, an IBA News

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Money but no lines

THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS Corporation (TCC)'s annual revenues in the past fiscal year reached JD 115 million, JD70 million of which were net profits. This big financial achievement makes the TCC the second largest revenue collector for the government after the Customs Department. Yet, there is still a chronic shortage of telephone lines all over the country, especially in Amman.

One cannot overestimate the significance and the indispensable role of communication in any state striving to develop economically and socially. Jordan is a fast growing country on every conceivable level. Tourism, industrial development and overall economic progress are the hallmarks of the new Jordan. Without an adequate telephone service, there is simply no way the country can attain its objectives. Even though there is a broad agreement on the critical need for an expansion of the telephone utility, the crisis continues to plague Jordanians who must wait for months if not years before their businesses and establishments are able to hook to the never sufficient number of available

According to the TCC there is now 5,000 applicants in west Amman alone waiting impatiently for telephone service. The number of applicants for the entire country currently stands at 160,000. Yet the last expansion project was completed in 1985, nearly nine years ago. The Ministry of Finance has been footdragging on the overdue five-year programme to provide an additional 250,000 new lines for the entire country. A tender for this project will be made public only at the end of this year. Meanwhile the country has had to do with interim improvisations that will not do.

The question now is why all this procrastination at a time when telephone service is so profitable to the national treasury and so urgently needed? Officials and others attribute the continuing malaise to weaknesses in the TCC organisation as well as to current laws and regulations pertaining to public corporations. We would like to go even further by suggesting that as long as the telephone service remains in governmental hands, there would continue to be a lack of action and preparedness for the future. There is a remedy which other countries have long discovered as the only permanent panacea to the problem: Privatisation.

There cannot be many states in the world where the telephone service is adequate when in the hands of government bureaucracy. In all countries where telephone companies are in private hands, their service is cheaper, more efficient and well-prepared to handle increasing demand.

Having said that, one has to stop for a moment and consider how sound a call will be if it is aimed at depriving the government of a sound revenue earner. Furthermore, there are dozens of other entities in the country which are white elephants for the government. Why not start with them?

But that would not solve our immediate problem

Our own experience clearly shows and proves that we face a problem. Our authorities have always been trying to catch up at a slow pace but never succeeded in staying ahead. When subscribers still wait in long lines and for endless hours trying to pay their telephone bills because of bureaucracy, one begins to appreciate the size of the crisis. Something will have to be done and done fast.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

A COLUMNIST in Al Ra'i daily discussed the position of the Palestinian refugees who have lived in camps since the occupation of their homeland in 1948 and said that they were frustrated by the deal between the PLO and Israel over autonomy rule. We must understand the position of the camp residents who have lived in Jordan, Syria and Lebanon since 1948 after losing their homes to the Israelis and who are not at all happy with the Gaza-Jericho deal or the autonomy rule for the West Bank and Gaza Strip, said Tareq Masarweh. These refugees who left their homes in Jaffa, Haifa, Lidda, Ramleh and other towns have been ignored by the PLO-Israeli deal, but they have not stopped hoping to go back, said the writer. Even the children of the 1948 refugee camp say they belong there, to their own Palestinian homeland, and they would do anything to return, added the writer. The new deal between the PLO and Israel does not give these people hope of return and so they are deeply frustrated as long as their homeland is not returned, continued Masarweh. The 1948 refugees do not shun unity with Jordan and the rest of the Arab World, but they insist that their rights be returned to them like the others; and they refused to receive compensation or be granted citizenship in the countries in which they are living now, and this includes the refugees living in Lebanon, Syria and Jordan, he added. He said we cannot blame the 1948 refugees who dream of liberating the whole of Palestine from the river to

A COLUMNIST in Al Dustour said that Jordan has all the right to take appropriate measures to prevent an influx of Palestinians into the East Sank. Mohammad Daoudieh said that Jordan must demand guarantees that the Jordanian national identity will not in any way be encroached upon and there must be some strict measures at the entry points into the East Bank to stop the Zionists from mass pushing the Palestinians into Jordan.

Jordanian Perspective

By Dr. Musa Keilani

Difficult as it is, it is time for decisions

A LANDMARK agreement has been signed between Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), a development unthinkable only three weeks ago, setting the stage, hopefully, for a course of events leading to a just, durable and comprehensive solution to the decades-old Arab-Israeli conflict.

Now that the agreement is a reality and an overwhelming majority of world nations has thrown its weight behind the deal, the only avenue ahead is to interact with the accord and ensure that it does indeed proceed in a direction that would address the genuine concerns of all parties involved. Needless to say, no solution could be found that would be acceptable to every one; that is the very nature of every regional conflict, not to mention the complexities of the conflict over the Holy Land.

By the same token, keeping in mind the various elements that compelled PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin to seal their deal with a handshake at a glittering ceremony at the White House, under the patronage of American decisionmakers, it is imperative that total support be extended to both leaders to realise the objective of a peace that a majority of the people of the Middle East would accept.

Recent revelations indicate that one of the main cards used by

the Israelis to convince Mr. Arafat to accept the limited Palestinian autonomy deal in secret negotiations in Oslo, Norway, was the Islamic fundamentalist strength in the occupied terri-

The PLO interlocutors at the negotiations were repeatedly told that Israeli intelligence reports had established that the Islamic Resistance Movement, Hamas, was surging in popularity at the expense of nationalist Palestinian groups represented by the PLO and Mr. Arafat would be better off accepting the autonomy deal now rather than losing out to Hamas if he insisted on prolonging the bargaining by insisting on bottom lines higher than what the Israelia nerve offering

No less than three renowned Israeli professors took turns at conveying the message supported by what they described as the "political philosophy" based on realities on the ground in the occupied territories.

The three, Yair Hirshseld, Ron Phundak and Dan Singer, and senior foreign ministry official Yuri Savir repeatedly pounded this message into the PLO brains that the Hamas factor became the backdrop to the entire scenario and every aspect of the deal had to be closely scrutinised against the possible threats that the fundamentalist group could pose to nationalist Palestinian fac-

Coming from such an "authoritative" source as Israeli intelli-gence, the PLO negotiators had no choice but to accept it on face value. It could also be said they were more prone to accepting the Israeli assessment than that of their own support groups in the occupied territories who might have a vested interest in por-traying a position of own strength among the Palestinian

No doubt, it was a clear case of overkill, but then it had the Israeli-desired effect on Mr. Arafat as last week's White House ceremony proved out. It was a question of an already vulnerable leader of a liberation movement facing the possibility of marginalisation (as posed by the young turks in the peace negotiating team) succumbing to threats of deprivation of control on the

On the other hand, the PLO appeared to have played into the hands of the Israelis by "revealing" that in past secret contacts with emmissaries of Israeli right-wing groups the organisation had "justifiable grounds" to believe that they would also go along with

Here is a classic example of the edge that the Israelis, long used to the art of negotiations, enjoyed in their dealings with the PLO. For one thing, the PLO should have come up with an argument that the righting Israeli groups, particularly the Likud led by Benyamin Netanyahu and Ariel Sharou, and extremist "Israeli particularly could not a recommendation that was of improprients". nationalists" could pose a serious burdle in the way of implementing what the Labour-led coalition was offering to the Palestinians. Such an approach would have strengthened the PLO hand in demanding that Mr. Rabin and his newfound ally and deputy Shimon Peres incorporate irreversible elements in the agreement against the backdrop of the possibility that the Israeli political scene may change and Likud could take over Labour at a later date and scuttle the accord.

All said and done, it is time that the Arabs and the Palestinians

looked at their options in the immediate term On the one hand, every possible support should be extended to Mr. Arafat to outbid Hamas and other "rejectionist" groups in the struggle for the hearts and minds of the Palestinian people. However, such support should not come at the expense of the democratic and human rights of the people of the occupied the struggle. Not should it into the first head to Mr. Arafat to deal territories. Nor should it imply a free hand to Mr. Arafat to deal

with the opposition in the same manner he has been known to have adopted vis-a-vis dissident groups and individuals.

At the same time, it should not be forgotten that by all practical and technical purposes, the autonomy agreement does not automatically mean handing over the control of the Gaza Strip and Jericho to Mr. Arafat and his associates.

There have to be elections under neutral international observation for an elected Palestinian authority which will assume the task of administering self-rule in the occupied territories.

Although it appears that Mr. Arafat and his nominees would enjoy an edge over all others, by virtue of the fact that it was the PLO chairman who concluded the deal with the Israelis, a lot could happen from now until the polls that could overturn all predictions and herald unforeseen realities.

Granted, it is a very difficult ground for the Arabs to tread. But if the idea is to ensure that the Israel-PLO accord sets a wheel in motion towards the realisation of the inalienable rights of the Palestinian people, then the difficulty is affordable.

On the other side of the divide, Mr. Rabin faces a tough test next month — municipal elections. The highly-politicised elections could easily be described as the litmus test for Israeli public opinion over the autonomy deal.

Mr. Netanyahu and Mr. Sharon and their associates are basing their strategy in the polls on exploiting what Israelis might see as "concessions" to the Palestinians in the agreement and the "dangers" that lurk in the accord in the form of paving the way for an independent Palestinian state.

Ironically, the Arabs, or at least those who support the Israel-PLO agreement and wish to see it succeed, find themselves in a situation where they have to extend indirect political support for Mr. Rabin, the man who led an army in war against the Arabs and who ordered the bones of Palestinian children broken.

It will be catastrophic for the whole peace process and the carefully nurtured scenario of the Israeli-PLO accord leading to a

chain of events and actions that take us to peace and stability in the Middle East if Mr. Netanyahu and his likes topple Mr.

It is a clear choice between two evils, but then let us settle for the lesser one.

It is a very difficult decision. But then this is time for decisions. difficult or otherwise.

fall took too long, cost too much

By Richard Reeves

BERLIN — On Friday nights, Kurfürstendamm has the shabby and menacing look of New York's Times Square. There is something degrading about just walking past the cafes, a promenade punctuated by shell games set up on boxes, prostitutes, beggars and junkies in the doorways of the closed shops, and un-washed young men who are scary themselves in leather and spiky

All of that seems normal, even boring, to an American, certainly to a New Yorker. But the gaping country cousins coming to see Berlin, wide eyed and probably frightened by such assertive decadence, are different from any I have seen on Broadway. They could be from another planet: East Germans, men with their plastic suitcases, young girls wearing Bermuda shorts and nylons, their mothers in wool coats from the 1940s on a hot summer night — their weekend

best, I gness.
They blink in the light, like released prisoners. And, more than three years after the fall of the Berlin Wall and the Iron Curtain, that is what they still are, hostages of the cold war, prisoners of communism for more than 40 years. It is painful just to look at what the Russians did to these people - and to them-

A trip through Eastern Europe is still a visit to a circle of hell, a tour made worse by the faded charm of cities like Prague and Budapest and the decayed beauty of Potsdam. Broken buildings ing droken people. Youn: ple with more normal haircu's give the places some energy, but they are still only splashes of the bright against the grey and the

To see the works of communism, then or now, is to wonder bow it survived for so long. There are few Americans, I think, who saw Moscow in the bad old days who did not know within an hour that these people, the Russians, were not going to beat America at anything, much less take over the world.

One of the tragedies of the cold war — a principal reason is lasted so long — was that the Americans leading the fight vastly overrated the enemy because they had nev-er seen his homeland. For me, there were a series of shocks over the years during conversations in Washington when I realised I was talking to people who had never seen the thing they were so afraid of. That was especially true during the Reagan years; those peo-ple had no idea how evil the "evil empire" really was — and how pathetic. The president, Richard Perie of the Defence Department and William Gates of the CIA ranted and plotted against a col-ossus that existed only in their overheated imaginations.

Not that it began with them. If other Americans and America's allies had not been so foolish, communism, I think, would have collapsed 20 years earlier than it did — perhaps in the late 1960s or early 1970s — and we Americans would not have drained away our national treasury fighting shadows in the dark.

The beginning of the endgame might have come in 1956 when the Hungarians revolted against Russian occupation, only to be isolated when Britain, France and Israel jointly invaded Egypt to try to keep control of the Suez Canal. It might have come in 1968 when the Czechs revolted against the Red Army, but by then America was busily destroying its own political credibility in Vict-

The dark side of final victory was that it took so long and so diminished life on both sides.

John F. Kennedy, whose trumpeting of a phony Russian superiority (the "missile gap") helped prop up the Soviet Union for years, was told by two very different old men that all the United States had to do to win the cold war was stand firm. His father, the dread Joseph P. Kennedy, and Charles de Gaulle told him the same thing: Communism was fundamentally unworkable and would fall of its own weight. De Gaulle avoided the word

"Soviet." Communism, ideology are frauds, the French president told the American in 1961, knowing of course how desperately serious Americans were about such things. Nationalism, he said, was the problem.

"Russia" is real, de Gaulle said. Russia fought only after Napoleon invaded, after Hitler invaded. Russia would never be foolish enough to take on the world. Russia is frightened. Russia is bluffing. "Tenir bon," he repeated. "Tenir le coup. Hold on, be firm, be strong. Wait them out. "This is the most useful service you can render the whole world."

"To see the

works of communism, then or now, is to wonder how it survived for so long. There are few Americans, I think, who saw Moscow in the bad old days wno dia not know within an hour that these people, the Russians, were not going to beat America at anything much less take over the world. One of the tragedies of the cold war --- a principal reason it lasted so long — was that the Americans leading the fight vastly overrated the enemy because they had never seen his

THE WEEK IN PRINT

PLO-Israeli deal — a step towards freedom for the Palestinian people

Reviewed by Elia Nasrallah

The writer said that the PLO

should have sought more gains because the Palestinian and the

Arab masses have been expect-

ing a comprehensive peace

from the ongoing process.

umnist in Al Dustour.

Israeli deal, he said.

the Israelis.

nian people.

people.

that deal, said the writer, it is

the people themselves who can

continue the struggle towards a

final solution that caters to the

national aspirations of the

before the agreement was

signed, the PLO was

threatened politically and

financially and was on the

verge of collapse, while the

Israelis were going ahead with

plans to build settlements and

evacuate the Palestinian home-

land, driving out the Palesti-

He said that the PLO was

right in taking this step and Jordan should now support it

as the sole legitimate repre-sentative of the Palestinian

A columnist in Al Dustour

said that the Jordanians and

the Palestinians ought to work

towards the establishment of a

confederation between them,

Saleh Qallab said that the

two sides ought first to stimu-

late the work of their joint

committees, to pave the

ground for integration, before

the next vital step can be

Fahd Al Fanek said that

The local Arabic press last week again focused attention on the prospects of peace, in light of the PLO-Israeli deal as well as Jordan's stand vis-a-vis the agreement. Also discussed were a host of domestic mat-

Muna Shuqair, a columnist in Al Dustour, pointed out that the PLO-Israeli deal is still ambiguous to many Arabs and Israelis. She said that while the PLO leaders say that the deal provides for the eventual creation of a Palestinian state, the Israelis contend that the creation of any Palestinian entity will pose a serious threat to the Jewish state.

We know that the Israelis have the upper hand in this affair and therefore they would be imposing their own inter-pretation of the PLO-Israeli deal in the proper time, she said. One indication of this, said the writer, is the repeated statements by Israeli leaders that not a single Jewish settlement will be removed as a result of the deal.

Salameh Ekour said that the PLO-Israeli deal provides for the creation of an economic and trade alliance between Israel and the Palestinian self-

rule entity. The columnist, who writes for Sawt Al Shaab, said this clearly means that the Palestinians would be playing a mediation role between the advanced Israeli industrial and commercial market and the Arab markets and that the Palestinian firms would benefit

from the commission.

Issa Shueibi, a columnist in Al Dustour, said that although the PLO-Israeli deal was unjust and did not immediately respond to the national aspirations of the Palestinians, it served as a first step towards freedom for the Palestinian

He said the deal showed that the PLO leadership, which has lost all hope from the Arab World to help the Palestinians regain their lost lands, was determined to get recognition for itself from the enemy and step by step regain territory, which begins through self-rule in part of Palestine. He said that the deal was

bound to reestablish the

Palestinian people's statehood

and end the state of loss they

have been living over the past

not be considered a historic 45 years. Whether the deal between event until the Palestinians are the PLO and Israel is supjustly treated and their lands regained, said Mahmoud ported or opposed by Jews or Rimawi, a columnist in Al Ra'i Arabs, there is no doubt that it will be applied simply because

sponsor of the peace process, said Yousef Bouran, a columnist in Al Ra'i daily. He said that the way for the sole superpower to do things at will in the world was paved for by the downfall of the eastern bloc and the imposition of what is called the new world

it is backed by the U.S., the

He said that the time is ripe for dealing with the Middle East question following the destruction of the Iraqi war machinery and in order to pave the ground for continued oil flow to the West.

Fahd Al Fanek, a columnist in Al Ra'i, believes that the self-rule for the Palestinians which, according to plan, would last for five years, would not last for more than three

He said that since the Israelis and the Palestinians now have direct, face to face talks, they would embark on discussions for the second stage in the third year of the

Since the United States is backing the whole process and since the American Jews support the deal, the extreme rightist groups in Israel would have no real weight to adversely affect the PLO-Israeli deal and the eventual birth of a Palestinian state, said Fanek.

In drawing a contrast between what the late Egyptian President Anwar Sadat did for Egypt and what Mr. Arafat did for Palestine, Saleh Al Qallab, a columnist in Al Dustour, said that there is no room for comparing the two events. Sadat could have waited for

50 more years before going to Jerusalem, and could have waited for the Palestinians to regain their rights first, since Sinai is not inhabited by either Egyptians or Jews and it was no threat for the Egyptian people, said the writer.

He said Mr. Arafat was cager to regain the Palestinian land, which is being swallowed up gradually by the Jewish settlers, and could not leave the Palestinians at the mercy of the Jews for ever.

taken. Sawt Al Shaab daily described the Israeli-Jordanian The PLO-Israeli deal would signing of the common agenda as another step towards peace in the Middle East.

Coming in the wake of the PLO-Israeli deal and the recognition by Israel of the PLO as the representative of the Palestinian people, the paper said the Israeli-Jordanian agenda aims at implementing U.N. resolutions and at the same time to safeguard the legitimate Jordanian rights.

Jordan has waited until the I Only the people of the occu-Palestinians have reached pied Palestinian lands can progress along their track of translate the PLO-Israeli deal talks with Israel and now it is into a reality through relentless time for Jordan to prove that it efforts to regain their home-land and establish their state, renounces conflict and yearns said Taher Al Udwan, a colfor genuine peace.

A columnist in Sawt Al Shaab said that the Health Signs of the vitality of the Ministry is to be commended Palestinian people appeared for the various measures taken with the mass demonstrations the held to back the PLOto contain the spread of Regardless of the contents of

Ahmad Dabbas said that the Health Ministry should direct its attention to the kind of food and water consumed by the people in various regions, and not in Ajloun alone, since it is through the contaminated food that the disease spreads.

What we demand is very Jordan has no alternative but strict measures and continual to support the PLO, otherwise, it would leave the PLO and the testing of samples of water and Palestinians an easy prey for food, especially those kinds sold by street vendors, to stem the spread of typhoid. In discussing Jordan's position vis-a-vis the PLO-Israeli deal, the writer said that just Mohammad Daoudieh, a

columnist in Al Dustour, said that the government should give more attention to the people living in the remote regions of Jordan and open the way for their children to get higher education.

These people live a hard life, quite different from those dwelling in big cities, and the least the government can do for them is to give their children priority over others in higher education opportunities, said Mohammad Daoudieh.

Mohammad Subeihi, a columnist in Al Dustour, said that the fact that the Palestinians and the Israelis would not start talks on the return of the refugees before the lapse of two years at least should encourage the government to go ahead with plans to hold the general elections on schedule.

He said that the return of the 1967 refugees would not take place now and therefore, it is illogical to leave the country without Parliament, awaiting the return of the refugees.

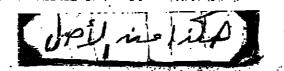
President Kennedy had his own ideas, American ideas that we could somehow control events in lands far away. Hubris. It is an American conceit that we can fundamentally change lands like Vietnam or Íraq or Yugoslavia, places peopled by nationalists of various sorts who were there centuries before we noticed and will be there centuries after we have forgotten. The new world order proc-

homeland."

laimed by George Bush only a couple of years ago is dead now - really it was just the old American idea recycled. Woodrow Wilson revisited.

Wilson, Kennedy, Reagan and Bush, and now Bill Clinton -America has no true foreign policy because, as we Americans were unable to see communism for what it was, we are unwilling to look at the world as it really is. We are still unwilling to take the pledge to change what we can. accept what we can't change, and pray for the wisdom to know the difference this time around -International Herald Tribune.





U.S. Congress adopts resolution welcoming Israel-PLO agreement

WASHINGTON (USIA) — The Senate and the House of Representatives have unanimously approved a "concurrent resolution" expressing the sense of the Congress in welcoming the historic opportunity for achieving peace in the Middle East.

The resolution was offered Wednesday in the Senate by majority leader George Mitchell and minority leader Robert Dole, and in the House by Foreign Affairs Committee Chairman Lee

According to Mr. Mitchell, the resolution expresses "strong sup-port" for the agreement between Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), and the hope "that this will serve as an historic opportunity to move towards a comprehensive and lasting peace in the Middle East,"

The resolution "welcomes the decisions of the Israeli govern-ment and the PLO to meet as peacemakers rather than ene-Mr. Dole said.

Mr. Hamilton noted that "much hardwork" will be required to bring the peace to fruition, and that "it is vitally important the Congress go on record in support of the agree-

. Following is the text of the

Congress concerning the historic opportunity for peace in the Mid-

WHEREAS the conflict in the Middle East has caused untold suffering for many decades, WHEREAS the people of the state of Israel have the right to live in peace within secure and

WHEREAS SUCCESSIVE administration of the U.S. government have worked diligently to achieve a just and lasting peace in the Middle East.
WHEREAS under the leadership

recognised borders

of President Carter, Israeli Prime Minister Begin and Egyptian President Sadat signed the histor-Camp David accords of 1978; WHEREAS under the strong leadership of President Bush, a dialogue among the parties to the Middle East conflict was initiated at Madrid in October 1991;

WHEREAS this dialogue was continued through the strong and constructive efforts of the Clinton WHEREAS the government of

Major and Thatcher head cast

minister, played an instrumental role in facilitating the negotiations that led to the signing of the declaration of principles between Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation:

WHEREAS the Palestine Liberation Organisation has recognised the right of the state of Israel to exist in peace and security, has announced that it reounces terrorism and other acts of violence, and has agreed to amend its charter to delete all references to the destruction of the state of Israel:

WHEREAS the state of Israel has recognised the Palestine Liberation Organisation as the representative of the Palestinian

people; WHEREAS Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation have agreed to a declaration of principles concerning an interim period of limited autonomy for Palestinians on the West Bank and in Gaza: and

WHEREAS many difficult issues remain to be resolved in future discussions: Now, therefore, be it RESOLVED by the Senate (the Honse of Representatives concurring), that the Congress

lucrative arms deals with

This revelation was the juiciest

so far from the backroom boys of

the civil service who, in British

tradition, dislike having the

machinations of government revealed to the public.

True to popular conception,

witnesses from the upper reaches

of the foreign office are often

middle-class men educated at Ox-

ford or Cambridge university who

appear to be out of step with the

times, talking of doing "prep" when looking into something and

referring to radio as "the wire-

Witness after witness has

shown how haphazard the work-

ing practices in high-profile, over-

worked departments such as the

foreign office can be.

The principle of "need-to-know" is paramount, meaning

one section of a ministry is often

unaware of how another was

treating sensitive areas of policy.

equipment that could be used for

both military or civilian use were

often passed "on the nod" with

little discussion, officials said.

Export licences to Iraq for

(1) Supports the agreement between Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation, and bopes it will serve as an historic opportunity to move towards a comprehensive and lasting peace in the Middle East:

(2) Applauds the efforts of the Clinton and Bush administrations to facilitate these developments; (3) Welcomes the decision of the Palestine Liberation Organisation to recognise the state of Israel, to renounce terrorism and other acts of violence, and to accept the path of peaceful (4) Welcomes the decision of the

state of Israel to enter into this declaration of principles and reaffirms its commitment to helping assure the continued security of the state of Israel: (5) Commends all those persons

achieve these accords; (6) Encourages all parties to the Middle East peace process to continue to work vigorously in the pursuit of a comprehensive peace for the region; and,

who have worked diligently to

(7) Endorses continuing U.S. engagement in the peace process, and is committed to supporting efforts to make this agreement a

Let's get straight to the meaning!

Following is a translation of an pulled from under our feet! article written by Muna Saudi in the Arabic daily Al Ra'i on Sept. 11, 1993.

Forget about details - let's get straight to the meaning... How many square kilometres

are we going to get? Who is going to rule? Who is going to return? Who is going to be against whom?

Is it Jericho and Gaza only, or s it the beginning of the road? Have we lost or won? Is this peace going to leave us

destitute or rich? Forget about details - let's get straight to the meaning...

We have lost all wars, one by one; we did not wage them and we did not fight, but wars would land on our heads and leave us destruction or the land would be

From the 1948 war until the Gulf war, occupation, destruction, refugees, people in flight, exiles, disasters, setbacks, scorched earth, napalm, nuclear bombs, chemical weapons, the breaking of bones and the breaking of souls, bringing down houses on their owners' heads, the Deir Yaseen massacres, the Sabra and Shateela massacres, prisons, children being killed daily... and martyrs... martyrs for-

The truth is the land does not die. The truth is the dream does not die and that which is named Palestine will keep the name of

Forget about details - let's get

gotten except by their mothers and their children...

The Arab does not know ran- years to obliterate the Palestinian cor; the Arab forgets and the people and deny their existence; Arab forgives. These are our but here it is, admitting that the attributes!

We sign the peace treaty knowclear as the sun and the light in our country. But they are among us like a thorn in the heart... So how do we pull this thorn out?

This peace is not our defeat, but is the moment of historic wisdom and it is our ability to climb the steps of history again. Forget about details - let's get

straight to the meaning... An attribute of the Arabs is

Palestinian people exists and that the land is their land and that it is ing the elementary truth that they withdrawing as an occupying occupy our land; this truth is as force. The Zionist dream was that Palestine should be Jewish, but here are the Palestinians shredding the Zionist idea. Forget about details -- let's get straight to the meaning...

but here it is, admitting that the

We are in a new, historic phase. And if the peace agreement has hit us like lightening, mixing our feelings, thoughts and stance, then we must interpret this agreement as a practical meathat they are poets and from them sure to resolve many and interwined complications; and believe Forget about details—let's get that it is the beginning of hope, the beginning of struggle and the straight to the meaning... the beginning of stru-Israel tried in the past fifty beginning of effort.

Love, contemplation themes in Iraqi artist's paintings

By Najwa Kefaya Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Noori Al Rawi's exhibition at the Baladna Art Gallery is characterised by an assortment of styles and techniques to suit many tastes and meet various artistic perceptions with

no monotony in the presentation. Although Mr. Rawi tends to use dark colours in general as "dark colours provide a neutral background and do not surmount the theme of the painting," the beautiful colour mixage, when used, is strong and constructive whether in the clearly expressive illustrations or in the abstract

parency, even in the smallest painting.

To him, his work is a diverse

selection of visions, whereby "each painting is the child of its own moment, a moment characterised by specific experience in a certain circumstance." As circumstances and experiences are always changing, his work keeps on changing and as soon as "an artist runs out of new experiences, he is dead."

Mr. Rawi is also an author and a poet and someone who trea-sures music and considers it as a source of illumination. This is why his paintings, to him, are "a collection of poetical verses

more than one of his paintings, is not just any village. It is a shadow of the village in which he was born and where he spent the best years of his life. The water mills situated by its smoothly running river are a part of this beautiful memory which first stirred his poetry and artistic talents. This village is sunk in his imagination and crystallised into a dream rather than a mere landscape, through long processes of con-templation and meditation. The shadow of the tranquil village represents the security of the mystic old. The sudden stroke of

orange red, disturbing the serenity of the overwhelmingly deep

night surrounding it, represents

Euphrates which is portrayed in

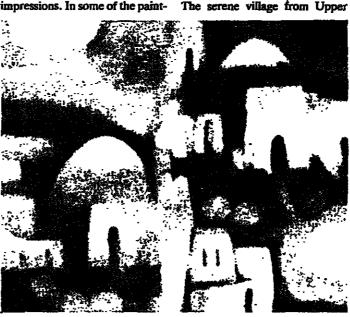
the whimsical wake of a mirage trying to capture a bitter yet beautiful memory. The silence in his paintings stirs much life and triggers many impressions.

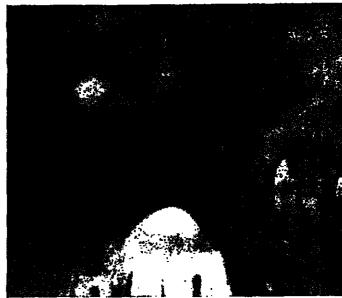
Noori Al Rawi is one of the

founders of the contemporary Iraqi art movement. He is a founding member of the Iraqi Union which is a member of the International Art Critics League.

He also is one of the main founders of the Baghdad Museum of Art. He presented an art programme on the Iraqi TV for a period of 25 years, and participated in numerous local as well as international art exhibi-

His current exhibition will last until Sept. 23, 1993.





Voices of Silence (left) and Wings of Silence — two works by Noori Al Rawi

list at London's 'Iraqgate' show By Robert Woodward LONDON — Forget Sir Andrew Lloyd Webber's latest West End

Reuter

musical and the opera at Covent winter will be staged in a building opposite Buckingham Palace where the "Iraqgate" inquiry will try to discover if the government

knowingly broke its own rules

and sold arms to Baghdad before

the Gulf war. Prime Minister John Major and his predecessor Lady Thatcher probe by Lord Justice Scott, who has already caused anger in Whitehall with his tough ques-

tioning of civil service witnesses. Several former and current ministers, including Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd, will face a grilling from Mr. Scott who has almost total, and certainly unprecedented, freedom to look into how decisions are made in the upper echelons of government.

The inquiry was set up by Mr. Major in November 1992 after three executives of an engineering firm were cleared of illegally exporting machine tools to Iraq before the 1991 Gulf war.

The trial raised the question of whether the government had connived in arms sales and had been prepared to allow innocent men to be jailed rather than have its duplicity exposed.

It is this latter point, involving the potentially explosive concept of dishonourable behaviour by ministers, which could cause the government the most embarrassment before oral evidence to Mr. Scott winds up in late January.
A senior Foreign Office aide told Mr. Scott in June that British officials advised ministers to

allow machine-tool exports to

7.



Margaret Thatcher

would be used to make muni-

The inquiry, which started in May, took a two-month break in July. It resumes on September 13 with evidence from David Gore-Booth, Britain's ambassador to Sandi Arabia.

A week later Mr. Scott will see his first cabinet member, William Waldegrave, minister of science and public service, who faces an uncomfortable few hours in the chair which looks out on to the side wall of Queen Elizabeth's official residence.

Witnesses are not under oath and have immunity from prosecution. Mr. Scott hopes to issue his report in early 1994.

Mr. Waldegrave is leading Mr. Major's crusade for open government in Britain.

But a former civil servant told the inquiry in July that Mr. Waldegrave, when a minister in the Foreign Office, had lied to parliament in 1989 to conceal a relaxation of guidelines on arms sales to

The witness, Mark Higson, said Foreign Office and trade ministers relaxed these guidelines after the end of the Iran-Iraq war Iraq in the 1980s knowing they in 1988 to win the "big prize" of

Supposedly strict guidelines on arms exports were often overriden by other concerns, such as how employment would be affected by the rejection of ex-Changes of policy were deliber-

ately hidden to avoid a public outery. Officials also chose to ignore overwhelming evidence that arms and equipment shipped to Jordan was ending up in Iraq.

The inquiry was told the phrase 'economical with the truth" summed up the attitude of Whitehall when dealing with members of parliament or the public. Mr. Scott has become increasingly angry at what he called the gov-ernment's "under the table"

In the early days of the inquiry Mr. Scott was content to allow his assistant, Presiley Baxendale, to conduct the questioning.

Mr. Baxendale's detailed prob-

ing often exasperates witness unused to scrutiny, but it is Mr. Scott whom they fear now. Some witnesses have com-

ained to their superiors that the High Court judge, a keen foxhunter, has overstepped the mark in pursuit of the truth. Mr. Scott does not bother to hide his exasperation if he be-

lieves a witness is being less than truthful and has more than once ruthlessly deflated a witness's self-importance. Mr. Scott is unrepentant and

believes the inquiry will root out the truth, whatever the cost to the government.

"If you are going to have an inquiry, you had better have a thorough one and put up with the, price that has to be paid for that thoroughness," he told the Financial Times in July.

Mr. Major is due to appear at the inquiry in early January and Mrs. Thatcher in December.



and white China ink illustrations. When it comes to the composition of the painting, he uses symbolic characters and calligraphy and employs diverse shapes and figures systematically using different techniques like collage, pasting and graphics and acrylic, gouache, water colours and airbrush, yet maintains harmony, rhythm, equilibrium and trans-

JORDAN WELFARE LOTTERY

Ordinary Issue No. 17



Drawing of September 17, 1993

Winning Tickets

Holder of ticket No. 67951 Wins JD 30,000

Holder of ticket No. 95981 Wins .ID 7.000 Holder of ticket No. 70841

Wins JD 3,500 Holder of ticket No. 94259

Wins JD 2,500 Holder of ticket No. 56575 Wins JD 1,500

Holder of ticket No. 90716 Wins JD 1,200

Holder of ticket No. 78177 Wins JD 1;000

Holder of ticket No. 88767 Wins JD 800

en consolation prizes totalling JD 1,299 each wins JD 120 67952 67961 67051 68951 77951 67950 67941 67851 66951 57951 en consolation prizes totalling JD 700 each wins JD 70 95982 95991 95081 96981 05981 95980 95971 95881 94981 85981

en consolation prizes totalling JD 400 each wins JD 40 70842 70851 70941 71841 80841 70840 70831 70741 79841 60841 en consolation prizes totalling JD 290 each wins JD 29 94250 94269 94359 95259 04259

Ten consolation prizes totalling JD 158 each wins JD 15 56576 56585 56675 57575 66575 56574 56565 56475 55575 46575 Ten consolation prizes totalling ID 100 each wins ID 10 90717 90726 90816 91716 00716

94258 94249 94159 93259 84259

90715 90706 90616 99716 80716 Ten consolation prizes totalling JD 80 each wins JD 8 78178 78187 78277 79177 88177 78176 78167 78077 77177 68177 Ten consolation prizes lotalling JD 78 each wins JD 7

88768 88777 88867 89767 98767 88766 88757 88667 87767 78767

Ticket numbers 58577 26762 87616 54884 Win JD 200 each Ticket numbers

42146 32652 61948 Win JD 100 each TICKETS ENDING WITH

6996 2979 7309 7810 4768 6936 Win JD 50 each Win JD 20 each 0374 5409 5995 820 899 052 274 Win JD 10 each Win JD 5 each 9052 6003 Win JD 3 each] 10,000 ticket ending with 7 Win JD 2 each

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Next Draw takes place on October 2, 1993 First biggest prizes are issued from GUVS headquarters

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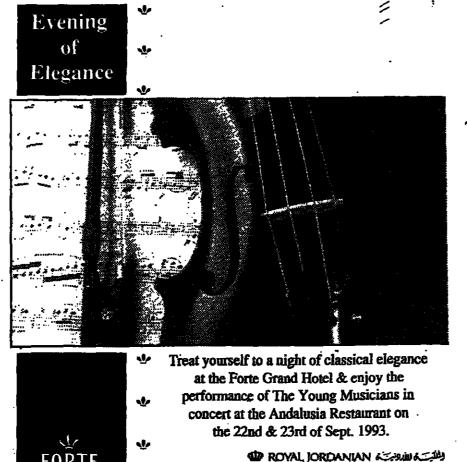
The beginning of a three-month fall course of Spanish

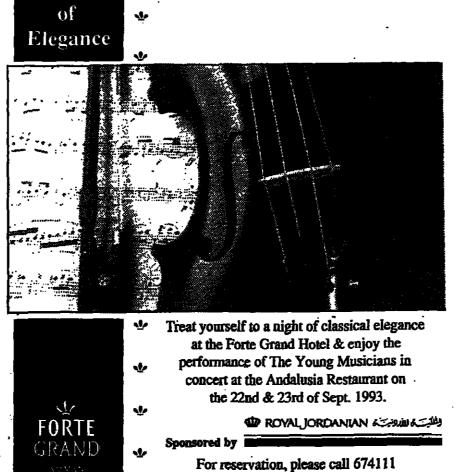
Registration starts on September 20 and will run through September, 25, 1993 The course starts on Sept. 27, 1993, for the levels

basic through 8. Class days: evenings of Saturday, Monday, Wednes-

Morning classes are also offered. The centre also offers scholarships in Spain for improving language skills and for university studies for those proficient in Spanish.

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Future Palestine housing tsars map future in Paris

PARIS (R) - Planners investigating housing policies for a fu-ture Palestinian state say vast construction programmers and possible mass shifts of population might change the face of the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

The PLO-sponsored Palestinian team spoke late Wednesday from Paris of still hazy projects which could entail moving half of the population of the teeming Gaza Strip to the West Bank where half a million refugees now in Arab states would also resettle.

"The only thing which is clear is that we need 40,000 to 50,000 flats, especially in the Gaza Strip. in the next two or three years" said Mohammad Abbas Abdulhaq of the East Jerusalem-based Palestinian Higher Council for

Created by the PLO's shadow administration in Israeli-occupied areas, it is one of several bodies serving as nuclei for future Palestinian ministers, said Leila Chahid, the Palestine Liberation Organisatin (PLO) representative in France.

"The European Community and other international sources have pledged \$200 million for our construction projects just for the next two years," said another council member, Dr. Mazem Rasekh, Dean of engineering at Nablus' An Najah University.

"For obvious reasons, we want to start building new, low-cost housing as soon as possible in the Gaza Strip and Jericho," Dr. Rasekh said. He referred to areas Israel is to turn later for Palestinian self-government in coming months according to the PLO-Israel peace accord signed in Washington this week.

Mr. Abdulhaq and Dr. Rasekh were among 13 council members, mostly engineers, architects and administrators speaking to reporters after a month-long visit to France to study social housing projects and meet local planners.

"We left a month ago, before any idea of an accord was known, and returning with huge hope to a different world," Dr. Rasekh

The council members, speaking at a euphoric reception at the PLO mission to France, said studies showed:

-- Half a million Palestinian refugees from several million in Arab states would settle in the West Bank and Gaza Strip in the five years after establishment of a Palestinian entity. Cost of resettlement: \$4 billion.

-- Most would come from Jordan, Lebanon and Syria within two years after establishment of an entity or state.

- All 600,000 refugees in the Gaza Strip, where the total population is around 800,000, needed new housing and the camps they live in should disappear within 10 to 20 years.

 Studies showed the Gaza Strip could be economically capable if its population was cut by half to 400,000 with the others settling in new housing in the West Bank.

"These are all extremely emotional issues... but it is clear people tend to move where they find jobs," said Dr. Rasekh. "But West Bank or Gaza Strip, it is all Palestine," he said.

Severl planners expressed warines about aid pledges being really carried out. "America and Europe created our problem by bringing in the Jews so they should pay," said Mr. Abdulhaq.

The planners said the main lesson they learned in France was to avoid building blocks of highrise flats.

"We will build four or five stories high with two flats to each stairwell. As soon as we can, we would like to reduce that to two stories or semi-detached. Arabs do not mind living in small flats but do not like to live in clusters," said Dr. Rasekh.

IBM. GBM top managers to visit

Franco Bernardi, general man-Machines (IBM) Africa and Middle East, and Mustafa Rugibani, general manager of IBM's regional representative, Gulf Business Machines (GBM), will be visiting Jordan and Syria next week.

The purpose of the visit is to meet local distributors and remarketers and to discuss current projects with customers. While widely-reported changes are taking place in IBM, the Middle East remains one of the computer giant's consistently strong markets, with the marketing activity of GBM outperforming many other ter-

Mr. Rugibani, who has been general manager of GBM since it was founded in 1990, is based as GBM headquarters and Mr. Bernardi is at the IBM South

Europe headquarters in Rome. Meanwhile, the IBM PC Company, formed last year to be responsible for worldwide production and marketing of IBM Personal Systems computers PS/1 and PS/2, has celebrated its first birthday by announcing a first-year growth rate for IBM PC products twoand-a-half times faster than the PC industry as a whole.

IMF cautions developing countries on capital inflows

ternational Monetary Fund (IMF) has warned developing countries that vast capital inflows from abroad posed risks but said that they can be reduced by policies to control economic overheating.

With industrial country interest rates at very low levels and their economies in a period of intense struggle, capital has been pouring into the developing world in search of higher return.

"We don't believe that the dangers posed by the capital inflows are in any sense insur-mountable," an official said. "It's rather a warning flag that we're raising to highlight that they have the potential at least to cause problems for domestic macroeco-

nomic policies."
Officials met with reporters to discuss the global lending institution's annual report.

Looking at the continued interest on the part of investors for greater financial returns than those seemingly available in the more traditional markets in industrial countries, the report saw increased risk of inflation and runaway spending in developing

"In these countries, fiscal policy might need to be tightened to

Daimler-Benz

STUTTGART, Germany (AFP)
— The Daimler-Benz Group, re-

vealing a loss of 946 million

marks (\$593 million) in the first

half of 1993 against 965 million

marks' profit for the same period last year, said Friday it planned to shed 40,000 job this year and

The net loss emerged on the

basis of new accounting standards

required for listing of the group's

shares on the New York Stock

Exchange on Oct. 5. This will

make Daimler-Benz the first Ger-

man company with a U.S. quota-

Chairman Edzard Reuter said

jobs would be lost "in almost all

sectors of the group" as part of a

rationalisation programme to save eight billion marks (\$5 bil-

lion) by 1997. "The current diffi-

cult economic situation forces us

to introduce some solutions ear-

On June 30, the company em-

ployed 365,027 people compared

with 389,370 at the end of June

Most of the jobs will go in

Germany itself, which accou

for nearly 294,000 of the total.

Daimler-Benz said that in the

three years 1992-1994, it expected

to reduce its workforce in Ger-

many by 35,000, or 20 per cent.

would be compulsory redundan-

cies, though the planned number of these would be "relatively

small" compared to the number

lost by processes such as normal

departures and early retirement,

He also said there was "no

room for sacred cows and

taboos" if Germany was to re-

main a competitive production

. Reuter said that there

fier than planned," he said.

plans to cut

40,000 jobs

ment, and tighter monetary policies may be warranted to contain inflationary pressures and achieve sustainable growth," the

The IMF said the search for investments come at a time when trade policy developments among industrial countries is being over-shadowed by continued uncertainty about the Uruguay trade round, now expected to be completed by Dec. 13.

Trade relations among these

countries have been characterised by recurrent tensions against a backdrop of high unemployment, built-in impediments to growth, and budget and trade imbalances. "Frictions have increased in

several sectors that continue to be

insulated from foreign competi-

tion through trade restrictions, subsidies and managed trade agreements," the report said.
Fund lending activity, described as being in a normal cyclical pattern, is expected to be strong in the period ahead as a large number of countries seek

assistance, the officials said. The IMF had some 23 new financial arrangements with its member-countries in the year ended April 30 but is expected to exceed this number in the current year after rising by 2.1 per cent in

make room for higher invest- fiscal year. It approved 29 financial arrangements in the prior

> "We do have a large number of negotiations underway now so that it is expected that the level of lending in the period ahead, under standby and extended arrangements, is again going to rise rather sharply," an official said, adding: "The demand on find recourses in the demand on find recourses." fund resources is very — it remains very high.

The officials said the amount of arrears on repayments had declined for the first time in a decade, primarily because Peru was able to get current on its

Vietnam would be able to become current on its outstanding loans in the very near future. further reducing the amount of IMF loans in arrears, an official The IMF expects world econo-

Moreover, it was expected that

mic growth to pick up modestly next year after being held back in 1993 by the poor performance of industrial nations. In a new outlook that will be

released next week, the IMF forecasts that the world economy will expand by 3.2 per cent next

1993, sources said.

The advance will be led by an economic turnaround in recession-ridden Europe and Japan. but the rebound will be modest because of the need for many industrial countries to cut back on their bulging budget deficits, they

Industrial country growth is projected to increase to 2.3 per cent next year from 1.1 per cent in 1994, according to the new IMF Outlook.

The new forecast, which may still undergo some last-minute fine-tuning before final publication, foresees U.S. growth picking up to 2.7 per cent next from 2.4 per cent in 1993.

Monetary sources said that

growth in the United States is likely to be held back somewhat in 1994 by the tax increases contained in President Bill Clinton's plan to slash the budget deficit. Such short-term pain, though, is necessary to achieve the longterm gain that will come from putting America's finances in better shape. The IMF believes that further cuts in the deficit will eventually be needed to stem government red ink.

After growing by what for it is a recessionary 0.5 per cent this

year and expand by 2.2 per cent. the sources said.

After contracting by an average 0.3 per cent this year, the economies of the European Community are forecast to expand by 1.6 per cent in 1994 as the gradual interest rate cuts of recent months start to have a positive impact on growth, sources said.

Further rate cuts are needed to boost confidence and spur growth, they added.

Much of the constraint on

monetary policy from Europe's exchange rate mechanism (ERM) has been removed by the recent decision to allow currencies to move more widely, giving coun-tries with low inflation the leeway to reduce rates more rapidly.

The IMF expects both the German and French economies to turn round next year, the sources said. Germany's economy is fore-cast to expand by 1.2 per cent next year after contracting by 1.6 per cent in 1993, while France's is projected to grow by one per cent in 1994 after shrinking 1.3 per cent this year.

Economic growth in Britain and Italy is also expected to pick

year, the Japanese economy is and 1.7 per cent, respectively, expected to pick up steam next from 1.8 per cent and 0.3 per cent in 1993.

A STATE OF THE STA

The IMF expects Canada to be the star performer among the world's seven leading industrial nations in coming months—growing by 2.6 per cent this year and 3.8 per cent the next.

But the real star performers he in the developing world, where countries that have taken tough action to put their economics in better shape have started to reap the benefits.

The IMF expects developing nations to grow by 5.8 per cent this year and 5.4 per cent next. Even the so-called countries in transition that were members of the former communist bloc should do relatively better in 1994. After contracting by an average of two per cent this year, the economies of eastern Europe 272 forecast to expand by 1.7 per cent nevi veaf.

Russia and the other former Soviet republics are expected to a suffer further declines in output

next year, although the drop won't be nearly as steep. Their economies are expected to shrink by only 2.4 per cent next year after contracting by 13.1 per cent up next year - to 2.8 per cent in 1993, they said.

Japan economic package aims at long-term reform

TOKYO (R) — A six trillion yen (\$57 billion) economic stimulus package unveiled Thursday disappointed those seeking a quick fix for Japan's ailing economy but some economists said the broad agenda outlined was the right

"The difference with this package, perhaps, is the sense that it is more forward-looking," said Paul Summerville, head of Asian research for Lehman Brothers in Tokyo. "It's really part of a programme for the next century. Prime Minister Morihiro Hoso-

kawa's coalition government compiled the package — the fourth in the past 18 months — to help end a prolonged slump.
"We will quickly implement

the package to wipe out uncertainty and ensure economic recovery," Mr. Hosokawa told a news conference.

Mr. Hosokawa, who took over in August from the long domi-nant Liberal Democratic Party, had been under heavy pressure at home and abroad to kick-start an economy that now looks in danger of contracting in the year ending March 1994.

Washington and other trading partners want Japan to recover so it can import more and cut its growing trade surplus

Economic Planning Agency Minister Manae Kubota told reporters the package would probably push up gross national product (GNP) by 1.3 percentage points over the coming 12 months. She added, however, that it would be tough to meet the government's official forecast of 3.3 per cent growth in the year to March 1994.

Private-sector analysts were even less optimistic.

"This will not have an immediate impact on the economy," said Yukiaisu Matsumoto, a general manager at Nikko Securities Investment Trust and Management Co. "There is additional need for an official discount rate cut and

income tax cuts." Financial markets, many eco-nomists and U.S. officials in Washington were disappointed with the package even before it was announced, mainly because of its anticipated failure to include the early income tax cuts sought by businessmen. The business community still

wants income tax cuts of about five trillion yen (\$47.6 billion) to stimulate consumer spending, as well as a cut in the Bank of Japan's official discount rate, already at a historic low of 2.5

The finance ministry, worried about slumping revenues and hostile to deficit financing, has resisted the calls. The package instead called on a tax panel, due to submit recommendations by mid-April, to discuss overall tax

Share prices slid in advance of the package's announcement, with the Nikkei share average ending down 445.64 points, or .13 per cent, at 20,502.15.

The dollar plunged more than one yen after U.S. officials said Wednesday they were unlikely to be satisfied with the package. Some economists said Mr. Hosokawa had erred in trying to combine structural reform with macroeconomic measures needed

now for economic pump-priming. Others said Mr. Hosokawa was on the right track in stressing deregulation as the long-term way to fostering new businesses,

increasing competition and improving market access.

The package includes the elimination or easing of various government regulations. Future steps include a review of the anti-monopoly law to encourage competition.

It also urges companies to pass on to consumers benefits of the stronger yen and lower import costs. For instance, electricity charges will be cut for 11 months from November totalling about 230 billion yen (\$2.19 billion), and gas charges will also be cut for the same period totalling some 35 billion yen (\$333 mil-

Mr. Hosokawa plans to spend one trillion yen (\$9.5 billion) to improve "social infrastructure" such as community education by schools and better facilities for the disabled. The plan envisages additional

public works projects by regional governments totalling 500 billion yen (\$4.76 billion) and a total of 300 billion yen (\$2.85 billion) in advance purchases of land for Some 450 billion yen (\$4.28

billion) will be spent on measures to restore farmland damaged by the long rainy summer and areas hit by natural disasters.

The package also calls for an added 2.9 trillion yen (\$27.6 billion) in cheap government loans to promote housebuilding and renovation in this fiscal year.

Companies undergoing streamlining that could help cut retail costs will be given tax breaks and a further one trillion yen (\$9.5 billion) will go towards cheap government loans to help small firms.

Pakistan gets loans from IMF, World Bank

International Monetary Fund offer of \$377 million in loans to Pakistan over the next 12 months. The money would support changes in economic policy recently announced by Prime Minister Moeen Qureshi.

"Progress has been made in liberalising the exchange and trade systems as well as domestic and foreign investment activities, to meet agreed conditions.

WASHINGTON (AP) — The reforming the financial sector, International Monetary Fund initiating a widely-ranging priva-(IMF) announced Thursday an tisation programme and opening up areas of the economy previously reserved for the public sector," said the fund in announcing the loans.

> Like similar "standby credits" from the fund, disbursement of these loans can be stopped if the fund finds that Pakistan has failed

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SATURDAY SEPTEMBER 18, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroli Righter Foundation you get some excellent results while trying to rouse torpid person

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Although there are no exact aspects today you can benefit by analysing and studying all that is practical, efficient and worthwhile. Avoid those who want your time but offer little in return. Just say you are busy.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) You have early difficulty in getting another person to do as you wish but this soon lifts and you find it possible to accomplish and receive a great deal.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Whatever you have in mind concerning your attachment needs care at breakfast after which you will be able to devise a new plan of action to succeed.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) An older person or condition gives you some flack early but then you are able to get into whatever service you wish to render to others very well.

July 21) Whatever means a great deal to you in the outside world does not work as you wish until you get into the middle of the day when conditions open up. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) A pleasure activity is put off early for awhile but stick to doing it and

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

soon you find you are having a great time, tonight keep away from dull chores. VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Take a trip to gain more wisdom and study in writings and

ACROSS 1 Stickup 6 Chutzpah 11 Rather 14 Muslim delty

site 19 Backing

25 Flicks

20 Vagrant 21 Uprights 23 Suit settlers

help 28 Minx 29 Cook quickly

30 -- Arbor 33 -- above

41 Controlling

43 Earnings 44 Clenc 45 "— Marner

48 Paean km 47 "Becker" star 52 Not either

55 Many mos. 56 Nebbishes 57 Pacific Island

DOWN

2 Yalie 3 Afflicted

4 Most piqu 5 Healing m 6 Smiles 7 Incline

8 Fortify

1 Linden of "Barney Mille

53 Pointiess

42 Poet's England

tonight avoid one with a bitter

are concerned eventually work out well for you but don't get in a harsh argument tonight with a compan-SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You have many good ideas for your personal growth and expansion so make notation so you will remember them but avoid financial tensions. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to

for fun jaunt is difficult.

into a money problem.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October

22) Getting an early start is just filled with too many obstacles so go

at slow pace and conditions happen

more to your liking, tonight look

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Whatever delays occur

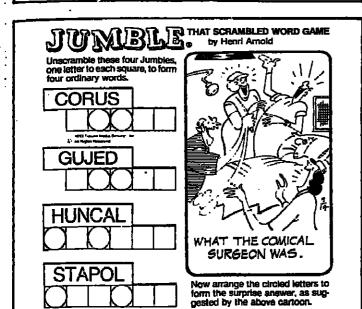
where property or money matters

January 20) Spend as much time at home as possible making new arrangements that will improve conditions there after which defuse the anger of a vexed friend. AOUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Your mind is like lightening today after a brief morning respite and you can get into whatever fazes you and solve wisely but

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Keep thinking early and you discover a new way to make your worldly and personal dreams come true, then go after them, but tonight sidestep a demanding pal.



you for the last pork chop!"



Jumbles: TRIPE PAPER ADVICE DECENT Answer: How hair that was parted yesterday may appear today—DEPARTED

Print answer here: AN Y

Peanuts

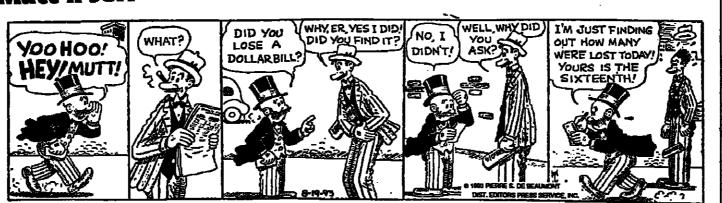
site for the group.



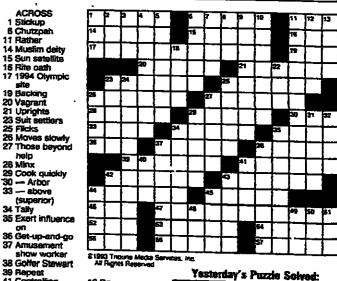
Andy Capp



Mutt'n'Jeff



THE Daily Crossword by Richard Thomas



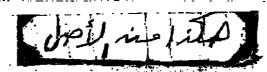
12 So long, in Tijuana 13 Bends the he 18 Artist Frans 23 Suspension of hostilities 24 Wholesalers 25 Dreamy in

35 Florida city 37 Martyred saint 38 Mouth parts

40 Honest — 41 — Alto. Cal.

nature 26 Bloke 27 Infantryman 29 Nonmetalic element Caretaker 32 Da opposite 34 Vitamin A

49 Electrical unit 50 Zodiac







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COMPACT I FACE	NATURE ANTOING	MARY. CLOSTING PRICE	organisa) Palicis	
ARM COT	2,341,270	174.400	174.690	100.000
JOHNA PATTONAL NAME	237,760	3,770	6_pee	4.340
CATHO APPENDIANE.	-4,893	45,600		10.060
NIBLE DAT INVESTIGAT MAY.	95,983 218,984	4.190	4, 685	2.470
DEDICAL DEVELOPMENT PARK	242,334	4.000	4,000	4.100
THE MODIFIES DAME	201, 925		. 5,340	5.700
YEAR TOWNS CONTRACTED BYTE -	715,217 776,28	2.090	7.940 4.910	3,000 4,100
JOHN PRIME BUT	11,691			3.199
CHICAL MARK TOR GAVING & TRADELINGEE.	93,250	4.770	4.678	. 4.550
BUSINESS BANK	74,381			
NORTH SPAT SATURDS IN PROPERTY FOR PROBLES.	24,545 (24,41)		4,550	
WHAT HE AN PARTIES.	1, 10,171	1,700		
THE THE CONSCRIPTION	31,436	4.105	4.170	-246
PHILADELPHIA SPERINGET DANS. JOHNAN LINGUAGES	535,196 18,613	2.290 3.850	2.350	3,648
MARINE STAR TOPPRANCE	713	2,479	2,500	1.050
Johns Parice Engagers	251,497	3.734	3.716	3.779
DETYGRIAL DISORDICS	1,022	1.548 5. 30 8	1.550	1,750
PRILADELPHIA PROPRINCE ARAB LITE & SCEINERT LONDONSCE	10,327	2.700	2.986	2.970
THE HATTOMAL MELIA DISMINIST	. 186	4,858	0.000	8.1886
AL-672K AL-ARABI DAGMANCE SORDANIAN ELECTRIC PONCE	234 2,351,540	4.500	0.006 2.160	1.500 2.520
JORDAN MOTEL & TOWNSON	9,120	7.758	7,400	7,500
MAND DISTRICT GLECOLOCKY	. 3,431		2.750	1.220
AND DITURNITURE BOTTLE JOHNS TOWNERS & EST. CONTEST	82,854 N2.884	4.450	· 4,450 0,350	8.93G 9.410
MATTORN TORITOLES SECRETATES	214,109	4.000	4.964	4.220
MENT SAINGE IMASSAMMENT.	46,937	1.790	1.760	2.770
SOUTH CATA ENT TRIFFE TACKED TRIVING	24,154 535	1.160		1.040
JOHNS INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORT CONTROL	9,216	1.950	2,000	7.000
MACHINARY MORTH. REMYTHS & MAINTONANCE	2,356	2-728	1.115	1.130
JOHNAN PRESS (CONTRACTOR / NUMBER OFFICE AND	\$0,700 L,013,344	20.205 2.205	21,000	2.340
ANA ISTO. FOR INVESTMENT & DESCRIPTION	363,983	2.750	2.880	2.810
LINGS CHIT, WINKL WARRENCHING	5,133		7.050	2.150 3.130
THE JOHN CHAFT PACTORIES JOHN PROPERTY HOUSE	3,385,944 18,396	2.510 3.788		3,120
JUNEAU PETROLEGA METRARY	161,234	7,400	7,400	10.750
ADDITION THOUSANTS	1,300	2,450	2.100	2.600
THE ENDSTRUME CHORESCHAL & AGRICULTURAL TOLD JORDAN HORSTED RELLA	187,77) 425,782	4.050 IS.050	4,900 JQ.744	7.619 21.756
ARAB PHARMCEUTTCHE HANDYNETHERING	1,119,577	1.471	3.404	3.000
John Chine Marketin	48,793	7.450	7.500	7.400
JORDAN PARKY THE JORDAN PEPEN MARKYANDERS	23,3 30 94,613	2.500	3-240	2.696 3.860
JOHNSON FAFTE & CAMPAGNAM PARTORIES	74,641 210	1.000 4,250	4.200	4.200
ARAB CHECKLE DESCRIPTION TO SERVED THE	19,215	18.000	18.600	20.466
SOURCE OFFICE DESIGNATION .	157,64) 19,13 0	2,75s 0.500	2,440	2.779
DATE OF DESTRUCTION OF PARTICULAR PARTICULAR PROPERTY OF PARTICULAR PARTICULA	1,,720,534	15.000	14.000	17.100
ARM INTERNET & INTERNETAL TRADE	122,742	7.536	2.125	7-500
ARAB ALMEITH THOUSEN	695,294 738	9.410	3.750	24.198 2.750
ARAB PAPER CONTESTING A TRANSPORT	29,299	1.746	7-900	1.790
JOHNE PEDICAL COSPONETTON	792	9.360	0.548	9.330
MATTORNI STEEL THOUSERY SHITSHAMDIASE PERSO-CONDUCAL INSUSTRIES	49,930	5.500	5.55	5. 636 3.718
JOSDAN POCKMOOL INDENSITIES. "	67,125 17,017	3.700 2,500	2,765	2.610
CREATURE CERTIFY INCOMESTED :	30, 120	4-970	4,850	7.000
JORDAN JERRITALIES & NATION/JUNGO	325	1.078	2-160	1.060
JOHONE PRICAST CONCURTE IMPOSTRY PATTORNE CARLE & WINE HOMESTOWNERS	34,664 208,741	9.400	0.3E0	0.400 2.700
JORDAN SHEFTO-CHRISTALLS	41,490	3,600	3.550	3.700
AND COURSE FOR PIREM. & COMPUTALLY	110,797	3.400	3.375	3.736
JUNIA STAIT CO. FOR AGRE, A FOCO PROD.	31,240 (5,14)	1.540 2.750	1.510	1.670 2.850
ANTAREST ROOMS IMPORTATION	440, 290	5.770	5.3	5.476
				-

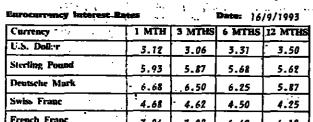
J.146 1.230 8.730 0.994 8.050 0.920 1.614 1.670 2.200 2.256 7.000 2.256 1.630 1.630 2.630 2.750 SRAFD TOTAL

Financial Markets

GRAPD TOTAL

from

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Swiss Franc	4.68	4.62	4.50	4.25
French Franc	7.06	7.00	6.62	6.12
Japanese Yen	- 2.78	2.59	2.59	2.56
European Currency Unit	7.81	7.63	7.12	6.62

Precious Metals Date: 16:		/9/1993			
Metal	USD/O2	JD/Gm²	Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm
Gold	348.70	7.00	Silver	4.04	0.090
21 Karst	•			•	

Date: 16/9/1993

Сигтеосу	Bid	Offer
U.S. Dollar	0.6870	0.6890
Sterling Pound	1.0634	1.0687
Deutsche Mark	0.4300	0.4321
Swiss Franc	0.4925	0.4957
French Franc	0.1232	0.1238
Japanese Yen	0.6548	0.6581
Dutch Guilder	0.3828	0.3847
Swedish Krona	4444k	*****
Italian Lira ²	0.0445	0.0447
Belgias Franc	74757	****

Cont. California		Date: 16/9/1993		
Currency	Bid	Offer		
Bahraini Dinar	1.7900	1.8120		
Lebanese f.ira	0.0384	0:0405		
Saudi-Riyal	0.1800	0.1850		
Kuwaiti Dinar	2.2550	2.3350		
Qatari Riyal	0.18549	0.18720		
Eg) pline Pound	0.2000	0.2300		
Omani Riyai	1:7440	1.7900		
UAE Dirham	0.18549	0.18720		
Greek Drachma"	0.2910	0.3025		
Cypriot Pound	1.3820	1.4125		

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and bullion markets Friday.

1.3140/50 U.S. \$1.00 costs 1.6135/45 1.8080/90 1.4040/50 34.30/40 5.6150/50 1555.0/6.0 104.35/45 7.9650/85

One sterling

Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs <u>Italian lire</u> Japanese yen Danish crowns

Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns

Dollar remains under pressure against European currencies

This report is submitted by Naser Nabulsi, private client group, Merrill Lynch-Duba

Overview

Fundamental view: The dollar remains under pressure against European currencies. Perceptions that the U.S. economy will remain in a slow growth, low inflation mode have dimmed prospects for Fed easing while European central banks continue to run tight monetary policies. We believe that pessimism about the U.S. economic outlook is overdone and expect the dollar to begin to rise again against European currencies in coming months as it becomes clear that the U.S. economy is delivering growth of 3 per cent or better. But we have trimmed our year-end dollar forecast to DM 1.70 on the view that European central banks will stick with tighter policies for longer than we earlier anticipated. We look for the dollar to strengthen to the DM 1.85 level over the next twelve months as European interest

Although central bank intervention and expectations of a near-term cut in Japan's discount rate have helped the yen return to the 105 level against the dollar, continued large current account surpluses should lead to further yen strength over the next twelve months. Technical view: The U.S. dollar index fell 1.4 per cent for the week ended Sept. 10, as the greenback was on the defensive against most major currencies. Indeed, among the six major currencies that we regularly monitor, the dollar was able to post week-to-week gains against only the Japanese yen. Short term sentiment for the dollar is in a near overbought condition as there has recently been some heavy but activity on the major currencies.

sentiment surveys are neutral to near oversold.

Short term momentum for the dollar is deeply oversold; while it could turn to the upside at any time, those momentum lows have confirmed the price lows. Medium term momentum is also weak and

put activity on the major currencies. However, medium term

could continue to put pressure on the dollar into November.

In this regard, it should be noted that the dollar's medium term oscillators are viewed as being weak versus four of the six currencies that we regularly discuss. With the index having marginally broken the 91.00-93.00 support band, the technical evidence would suggest that it is likely to fully test the May lows (inst above 88 00) in coming that it is likely to fully test the May lows (just above 88.00) in coming weeks. However, the oversold nature of the short term technical indicators does allow for a bounce and, in that regard, there is resistance at 92.00-93.00, then again above 94.00.

Fundamental view: Despite a 0.5 per cent cut in the Bundesbank's official discount rate to 6.25 per cent on Sept. 9, the dollar remains under pressure against the Deutschemark. We view the dollar's recent weakness against European currencies as a temporary correction and continue to look for a stronger dollar against all

European currencies over the next twelve months. Our U.S. analysts think recent concerns about faltering growth in the U.S. are overdone, and expect real GDP growth of 3.0-to-3.5 per cent in the second half of this year. In contrast, our European economics group does not view the 0.5 per cent rise in German GNP in the second quarter as the beginning of economic recovery and expects Germany's recession to persist well into next year.

We are lowering our year-end target for the dollar to DM 1.70 from DM 1.80 reflecting the likelihood that European central banks will not be as aggressive in cutting rates in the near term as we previously thought.

But prospects for a drop in German short-term rates of 200 or more basis points over the next twelve months should eventually bring the dollar close to its estimated purchasing power parity value of DM 1.90. We look for the dollar to reach DM 1.80 and DM 1.85 over the next six and 12 months respectively.

Technical view: The U.S. dollar fell 1.6 per cent versus the Deutschemark last week. The greenback has now dropped over 8 per cent from its late July highs. Not surprisingly, sentiment toward the Deutschemark is beginning to reflect this strength as put/call ratios are now overbought after the recent abundance of call buying. Even medium term sentiment surveys have now entered overbought territory. The negative sentiment picture is bolstered by short term tum, which is now at its most overbought readings in months.

While all of this does support the idea of an impending correction, the fact that short term oscillators did confirm the recent highs and that medium term momentum remains upwardly biased, implies that higher highs are still indicated — short term weakness notwithstanding. In addition, last week's rally through 1.62 DM/USS implies that a test of the twin peaks recorded last April and December in the 1.55-.57 range is now likely. The break out point at 1.62 is low support, with second support likely near 1.667. The mark/yen cross-rate has held well above the 62-64 trading range and has done so with solid short and medium term momentum indications. While the possibility of a retest of the recent lows still exists, the probabilities of such a test have weakened.

Support in the low 60s appears to be fairly strong and it will take some effort to break that area for a move to benchmark support near 57-58. Significant chart resistance remains at 70.

Japanese yen

Fundamental view: Expectations of an imminent 0.5 per cent cut in Japan's official discount rate and speculation about a more aggressive rate cut have helped stabilise the yen at the 105 level against the dollar after it reached a historic high of 100.3 on Aug. 17. Markets are also awaiting details of a third fiscal stimulus package. Near-term prospects for the yen are likely to depend importantly on the nature

of the policy mix Japan chooses. Failure of the government to deliver either a rate cut or an income tax cut could put sharp upward pressure on the yen and lead to downward revisions for Japan's growth next year. That would intensify pressure on the Bank of growth next year. That would intensity pressure on the Bank of Japan for more aggressive monetary ease. Conversely, a larger than-expected rate cut of 0.75 per cent-to-1.0 per cent could take pressure off the yen for the time being. Recently released business confidence surveys and a weak second quarter GNP report confirm that the economy has entered a "double dip recession."

Longer-term, we remain skeptical that currently envisioned fiscal

and monetary policies will make a substantial dent in Japan's current account position, and maintain our 6- and 12-month forecasts for the yen/USD rate of 100 and 95 respectively. Over the next twelve months, we look for the yen to trade in a broad range of 90-to-110 against the dollar.

Technical view: The Japanese yen was the only one of the six currencies we regularly monitor that lost ground against the U.S. dollar last week as the greenback managed a gain of 1.5 per cent. Short term sentiment for the yen remains constructive (as it has since mid August) and medium term sentiment readings are now at near oversold levels. Although medium term momentum has a downward bias for the currency, short term momentum is a cowing to be bottoming. This, plus the difficulty the yen has had with indicated first support at 105/106 JY/USS, suggests that a rally versus the dollar may be in the offing over the near term. However, we would view such a move as being counter trend against the larger medium term wen downtrend. medium term yen downtrend.

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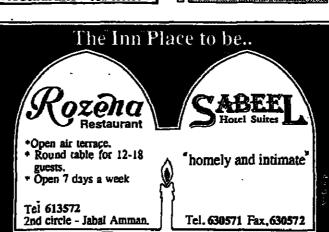
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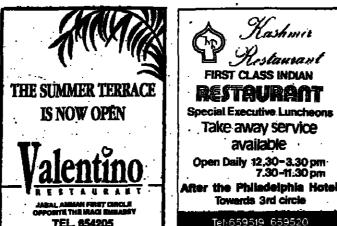
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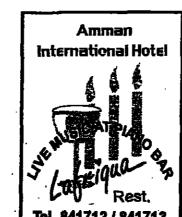
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Yeltsin brings back Gaidar as deputy premier in cabinet reshuffle

MOSCOW (Agencies) -- Rus- a decrease in investment, largesian Deputy Prime Minister Oleg scale conversion of industry and Lobov, selected President Boris the breakdown in economic ties Yeltsin to give up his cabinet seat to reformer Yegor Gaidar, called Friday for urgent measures to prevent the economy from sliding into chaos.

In a report to parliament, Mr. Lobov said it was "too early to speak of any improvement" in the economy after 20 months of free-market reforms, warning that popular support for the mea-

sures was dwindling.
"The country and the people have survived the first steps of reform... but the situation could change and take a critical turn" if urgent measures are not taken. said Mr. Lobov, quoted by ITAR-TASS.

His comments came one day after Mr. Yeltsin announced that the senior minister would be replaced by Mr. Gaidar, the former acting prime minister and the architect of Russia's shock therapy market reforms.

Mr. Yeltsin said the appointment of Mr. Gaidar, 37, economist, who was sacked last December as a concession to hardliners in parliament, would settle months of bitter infighting between radical reformers led by Finance Minister Boris Fyodorov and conservatives headed by Mr. Lobov.

In his report, Mr. Lobov did not mention his departure from the cabinet, focusing instead on plans for the government's new anti-crisis programme, which is to be unveiled around Oct. 15. The deputy prime minister said

PHNOM PENH (R) -- Cambo-

dian head of state Prince Noro-

dom Sihanouk will return to

Phnom Penh next Thursday and

sign the country's new constitu-

tion the next day, a spokesman

for the National Assembly said

The prince would arrive from

Peking and return there soon

after promulgating the constitu-

tion, according to a facsimile

received by the palace secretar-

Cambodian national radio also

reported Friday a message from

Prince Sihanouk to his son Prince

Ranariddh, referring to the ill-

ness which has so far delayed his

return from Peking.
"After this historic promulga-

tion on the sacred and venerated

soil of Cambodia. I will request

the permission of our beloved

nation to return by the same

special plane of the Democratic

People's Republic of Korea to

Peking where I will undergo an

indispensable surgical operation

to remove a tumour discovered in

my large intestine," Prince Siha-

Following three days of often

spirited debate about the coun-

TOKYO (AFP) - Japan's

month-old coalition government

of Prime Minister Moribiro

Hosokawa unveiled a set of anti-

corruption bills Friday, vowing to

stake its political life on passing

the current session of parliament.

no matter how," Mr. Hosokawa

told a meeting of his political

group, the Japan New Party.

The four "political reform"

bills, featuring the abolishment of

multi-seat electoral districts and a

ban on donations to individual

politicians, were to be submitted

to the Japanese parliament which

opened a 90-day session Friday.

premier last month, toppling

Kiichi Miyazawa, with support

from seven parties to end 38 years

of uninterrupted but scandal-

stained rule by the Liberal Demo-cratic Party (LDP). The LDP lost its parliamentary

majority in snap elections in July

after Mr. Mivazawa succumbed

to a no-confidence vote for his

faiture to deliver similar "political

came the day after Mr. Hosoka-

wa released a 6.2 trillion yen (\$59

billion) package of economic sti-

mulus measures, while the LDP is

trying to seize any chance to

discredit the coalition which in-

cludes LDP defectors and Social-

that at this stage," the premier

told reporters when asked if he

would dissolve the House of Rep-

resentatives should the bills not

He said, "our government is

be passed this year as promised.

committed to their passage dur-

ing the current session."

'We are not thinking about

The announcement of the bills

reform" bills.

ist hardliners.

Mr. Hosokawa was elected

"Our fate depends on them."

"We have to work them out in

them before next year.

Hosokawa

unveils

political

reform

bills

iat, the spokesman said.

between enterprises had prevented the economy from stabilising this year.

According to the latest figures. inflation hit the near hyperinflation level of 29 per cent in August and jumped another six per cent in the first week of September.

Production in August also dropped by an overall average of 12 per cent compared to last year, and as much as 20 per cent in the petrochemical and building materials industry, Primer Minister Viktor Chernomydrin said this

The Interfax News Agency quoted a Gaidar aide as saying the young economist "could not watch with indifference as his baby - Russian reforms - was being suffocated by unskilled

Mr. Gaidar's dramatic comeback came as the Russian government was embroiled in difficult negotiations with the International Monetary Fund for the release of a \$1.5-billion aid pack-

age.
The IMF had established targets for inflation and deficitreduction as conditions for obtaining the loan, but the latest economic indicators revealed the government was far from

reaching the set goals.

The cabinet reshuffle was viewed in part as a signal to the west of Mr. Yeltsin's commitment to economic reforms, but it remained unclear that Mr. Gaidar would be able to put his

Sihanouk will return to sign constitution

try's new constitution, Prince

Ranariddh said Friday he be-

lieved Cambodian politics were

approved by Monday which would make Cambodia a consti-

tutional monarchy, he said.

A final draft should be

The new constitution would

pave the way for Prince Sihanouk

to become king again. He abdicated in favour of his father in

The level of debate over the

past days has been "a very good one," Prince Ranariddh told re-

porters outside the National

"It's what I expected and

shows that there is a political

friendship and maturity of politics

— I'm so happy for our people."
The Royalist chief whose party

secured a modest win in the May

elections said the establishment

of a new parliament would hasten

Cambodian lawmakers would

Under the new constitution,

U.K. politicians condemn

extreme rightwing victory

the end of factional divisions.

soon be identified by their consti-

tuency rather than their political

Cambodia's two-leader system

LONDON (R) — Politicians

from Britain's main political par-

ties Friday condemned a surprise

victory by the ultra-right wing British National Party (BNP) which won its first local council

"I deplore the result of this

by-election and the election of

any candidate who does not rec-

ognise that all sections of our

community have equal rights

under the law," Home Secretary

The BNP, formed as a break-

away from the National Front in

1982, beat the Labour Party by

just seven votes in a late night

count in the run-down Millwall

area of east London where racial

tension erupted in violence this

Tension soared in the area af-

ter Bangladeshi teenager Quddus

Ali was savagely kicked and

beaten by a gang of eight white

men and a woman last week. A

vigil for the 17-year-old, who is

still critically ill, ended with 26

police officers injured and nine

all those who are committed to

democratic politics," said Paddy

Ashdown, leader of the centrist

BNP candidate Derek Beackon

won the seat with 1,480 votes in a

44 per cent turnout. The Con-

servative Party candidate came in

fourth behind Labour and the

Liberal Democrats with 134

"The British people are no

longer prepared to be treated as

second-class citizens in their own

country, the British people have

had enough. We're going to take our country back," Mr. Beackon

told supporters, some of them

skinheads waving Union Jack

Security was tight for the count

with police patrols outside the

building and security guards on

doors as left-wing anti-racist chanted slogans at the BNP sup-

porters. Police said there were no

arrests and only minor incidents.

This is very, very bad news for

people arrested.

Liberal Democrats.

Michael Howard said in a state-

seat on a racist ticket.

Assembly building.

affiliation, he said.

maturing.

radical programme back on track. go before... maybe his appointment isn't enough," commented one Western financial expert.

Yeltsin announced while touring an army base Thursday that he would sign the decree appointing Mr. Gaidar Saturday. Mr. Chernomyrein Friday dis-

missed suggestions that Mr. Gaidar would have trouble fitting back into the government team, ITAR-TASS reported. The prime minister said Mr.

Gaidar would follow the government's line and do what its chairman, Mr. Chernomyrdin, told

"In the government, as in any team, there is room for different people's opinions, but there will be a single basic line," TASS quoted the prime minister as telling reporters in the western city

"I don't think Yegor Gaidar and I will have any problems. On the contrary, I think he will strengthen our economic bloc in the government," said Mr. Chernomyrdin, adding that Mr. Gaidar's new appointment had been his own initiative.

President Yeltsin Friday dismissed Deputy Foreign Ministers Andrei Kolosovski and Grigori Berdennikov, a presidential statement said.

The two would be assigned other posts, the statement added. The dismissals coincided with the recall Friday of Russia's ambassador to Britain, Boris Pankin, who is expected to retire. Interfax News Agency said the

would be scrapped in favour of Prince Ranariddh as senior prime

minister and Hun Sen occupying

the deputy or second prime

Following the elections an in-

terim coalition government has ruled Cambodia led by co-

presidents, Prince Ranariddh and

Mr. Hun Sen the former prime

minister of the Hanoi-installed

regime. Prince Ranariddh denied

the new leadership proposals had

caused any personal strain be-

tween him and Mr. Hun Sen.

bitter enemies now claim to be

good friends and go boating together with their wives and

Prince Ranariddh emphasised

"I have to have consent of

a continuing system of power-sharing through "consensus."

Excellency Hun sen. I think this

point is very clear," he said.
"Knowing this, the CPP yester-

day officially endorsed the formu-

Cambodian Peoples Party, the

political wing of the former Phnom Penh government.

Meanwhile, British Prime

Minister John Major's hopes for a

political revival were shaken Fri-

day by a grim opinion poll and rumours of a rebellion brewing

dian newspaper showed Mr. Ma-

jor's ruling Conservatives have so far failed to put a disastrous

period of policy U-turns and in-

fighting behind them to regain

the support of a disenchanted

trailed the Labour opposition by

18 points gives ammunition to Mr. Major's critics among Con-

servatives and sparked off spe-

culation whether he might be

dumped at a later stage as a

servative) Party the dead bell tolls," said Friday's Times news-

paper in an editorial, while other

newspaper commentators spoke

of pressure on Mr. Major to

improve his performance or risk

ably it is the prime minister," said

the Times in a lugubrious edito-

"Somebody is done for. Prob-

Mr. Major dismissed the talk of

leadership challenge Thursday

as a scurrilous "silly season

The mumblings of mutiny were fuelled Thursday by an open assault from sacked Chancellor of

the Exchequer Norman Lamont,

who used newspaper articles to snipe at Mr. Major's quality of

leadership and his position on

On Thursday night, Mr.

Lamont pledged his support for

Mr. Major during a television

debate and predicted there would

be no immediate leadership chal-

lenge. But he left the impression

Mr. Lamont also hinted he

could cause more trouble as par-

liament gears up for its autumn

season and Mr. Major tackles the

task of rallying support for the

party's annual set-piece confer-

ence in just three weeks' time.

of festering grievance.

European Monetary Union.

losing his grip on power.

Throughout the Tory (Con-

vote-losing liability.

The news that the government

The opinion poll for the Guar-

against his leadership.

electorate.

" he said referring to the

The two men who were once

minister position.

ment of Moscow's ambassador in Washington, Vladimir Lukin, who is in growing conflict with Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev, by the envoy to the United Nations, Yuli Vorontsov.

Meanwhile, Russia's Vice-President Alexander Rutskoi accused the Kremlin Friday of preparing_to introduce direct presidential rule which he said would amount to dictatorship.

"Practically everything has been prepared by the Kremlin authorities to introduce presidential rule and, in essence, a dictatorial regime," Mr. Rutskoi told parliament in the latest of a series of attacks on President Boris Yeltsin.

Mr. Rutskoi, who ran on Mr. Yeltsin's ticket in 1991 presidential elections, has become his outspoken opponent and a leader

of the conservative opposition. He said he remained Russia's vice-president despite what he called an unconstitutional Yeltsin decree this month suspending him from the post pending a probe into corruption allegations.

In a separate development, In a major rescue operation coordinated from Hong Kong, 12 Russian Parliament Chairman rescue missions were mounted, including a British Royal Air Force (RAF) helicopter which Ruslan Khasbulatov said Friday that Commonwealth states should strive for economic, political and military union to repair ditched in mountainous seas after both its engines failed. the damage caused by the Soviet All four airmen from the RAF Union's collapse. Wessex were winched to safety

Mr. Khasbulatov told parliament that "common sense and harsh reality" dictated the ne-cessity of building what he called a West European-type union.

Calls for referendum grow as Buthelezi stands firm

JOHANNESBURG (AFP) Calls grew Friday for a snap referendum to break South Africa's political logiam after President F.W. De Klerk failed Thursday to woo Zulu leader Mangosuthu Buthelezi back to democracy talks.

Star, in a front page editorial, said a referendum would show whether Mr. Buthelezi and other political leaders snubbing multiparty talks here really had the backing of their followers.

Widespread support for the efforts of the negotiators would build up momentum for the democratic process and unite most of the nation across party lines, Star editor-in-chief Richard Steyn argued.

On Monday, Constitutiona Development Minister Roelf Meyer left the door open for a constitutional referendum if some political groups persisted in

spurning the talks.
Mr. Buthelezi's Inkatha Freedom Party (IFP), along with some black homeland and white right-wing groups, walked out of the talks on July 2, the day negotiators decided on April 27 next year as the date for the country's first non-racial election

After eight hours of talks Thursday during which Mr. De Klerk tried to persuade him to return to the process, Mr. Buthelezi remained defiant.

"It is just not possible at pre-sent," he said. "We made no decision about going back to the talks. We are still trying to find a way forward."

Mr. Buthelezi said the entire process needed to be urgently reviewed and asked Mr. De Klerk to join the IFP and the other disgruntled groups in a constitutional convention to scrutinise all agreements reached so far at negotiations.

Meanwhile, two people were killed early Friday in a drive-by shooting in Katlehong black township east of here, while four people were stabbed, shot and burnt to death in Natal province overnight, police said.

ble and Hong Kong authorities were inunddated by distress signals. RAF helicopters and the civilian Government Flying Service (GFS) shuttled from one rescue In Hong Kong flights were halted, Becky triggered land-slides and about 130 people were

Storm wreaks havoc in Hong Kong, Macau

injured, mostly by flying debris. while the British colony's stock market closed for the day. Macau took the brunt of the storm which passed about 30 kilometres from the Portuguese enclave as it moved towards Chi-

na's Guangdong province.

The Portuguese News Agency, LUSA, said up to 1,000 people, mostly living in shanties, were made homeless after Becky whip-

ped Macau with winds of nearly Marine rescue coordinator Trevor Berry said 14 Chinese fisher-170 kmh (105 mph). Becky inflicted severe damage

thousands of Hong Kong gamb-lers every day, a mainstay of the local economy. The flimsy old ferry terminal is not due to be replaced by a

speed ferries normally bring

sturdier new building until Almost ail Macau's casinos were closed down but in the

Lisboa — a brash, Las Vegasstyle hotel near the waterfront gamblers played on through the Elsewhere in Macau, part of the facade of another hotel was swept away, bamboo scaffolding

was sent flying and cars were crushed by falling trees. Dozens of people were injured and two underwent surgery.
No news of casualties or dam-

age was immediately available from nearby China.

on the Macau pier, where high-Numerous ships ran into trou-Georgia seeks Russian aid in Abkhazia and declared he would not leave Under the ceasefire Larce-

until it was safe against rebel

TBILISI, Georgia (R) — Georgian leader Eduard Shevardnadze began crisis talks with Russian Defence Minister Pavel Grachev Friday after marshalling resist-ance to a secessionist rebellion in Abkhazia.

Hong Kong firemen watch as a pedestrian

storm Friday (AFP photo)

HONG KONG (R) — Fourteen

fishermen were still believed mis-

sing in heavy seas off Hong Kong

Friday as tropical storm Becky

lashed the South China, leaving

up to 1,000 people homeless in

while other helicopters mounted

an operation to pluck more than

20 people from the sea, believed

to be from one of three fishing

boats which sank.

men were still missing.

nearby Macau.

ITAR-TASS News Agency said the leaders met in the south Russian resort of Sochi the day after the rebels shattered a sevenweek-old Russian-brokered truce and luanched a major attack on Georgian forces.

A spokesman for the Georgian parliament said it was ass that Abkhazian rebel leader Vladislav Ardzinba would also take part in the talks, but there was no confirmation.

A Georgian military spokes-man said fighting continued Friday morning in the besieged Abkhazian capital, Sukhumi, but

it was less intense than Thursday. Teimuraz Stepanov, head of Mr. Shevardnadze's administra tion, said by telephone that 21 people had been killed and 151

wounded in the two days of fighting so far.
The July 28 truce, signed in Sochi, was designed to end a civil war between government forces and rebels seeking more auton-

thousand people died in the previous 12 months' fighting. Mr. Shevardnadze, his conscience smarting after the collapse of a peace deal to which he had

nailed his personal authority,

SAO TOME (R) - Angolan

government jets struck rebel lines

in an effort to break the

strangeehold on the starving city

Planes also dropped supplies by parachute into the central highland city, where up to 20,000

people are estimated to have died

of war, hunger or disease during

Angolan state radio said the

UNITA rebels were keeping up

the pressure on Cuito despite a

United Nations threat to impose

sanctions on them unless they

stopped fighting.
In Abidjan, rebel officials were

due to meet a U.S. delegation

again to discuss their own peace

A 1991 peace accord halted 16

the eight-month rebel siege.

of Cuito, reports said Friday.

omy for Abkhazia, a Black Sea province of Georgia, Several to comply with the ceasefire or

Gudauta, where he met Mr. flew to Sukhumi Thursday night

ment, the Georgians disabled their heavy artillery in Sukhumi He bulldozed the ceasefire by handing over the breechblocks to the Russians. A Georthrough the Georgian parliament over the misgivings of deputies gian military spokesman said Friday the parts had been handed

sceptical at its tough terms. These included withdrawal of Georgian back and the guns were operative units from Sukhumi. Mr. Shevardnadze also had to The rebel attack, occurring fight a separate rebellion in westem Georgia from supporters of former President Zviad Gam-

only days after parliament agreed to grant him emergency powers to tackle rising anarchy in the country, has seriously under-mined Mr. Shevardnadze's posi-

He himself narrowly escaped injury when Abkhazian shells blasted a building where he was consulting military leaders in Sukhumi. Georgian officials said two local security men were killed and one of the Georgian leader's personal bodyguards was saved by his bullet-proof vest during the

The former Soviet foreign minister told a television journalist: "I will see this through to the end. I have a troubled conscience to the extent that I was the initiator of the Sochi agreement

for a ceasefire." Russia, guarantor of the Abkhazian ceasefire, also appeared to have good cause for anger. A government statement Thursday warned the Abkhazians

face the consequences. Mr. Grachev flew to Sochi from the rebel headquarters at

years of civil war between UN-

ITA (National Union for the

Total Independence for the Li-

beration of Angola) and the rul-

ing MPLA (Popular Movement

The rebels took up arms again

after losing a U.N.-supervised

election in September 1992. U.N.

officials have described the re-

newed hostilities as the worst war

The state radio said the rebels

had stepped up artillery bom-bardment on ruined Cuito and

thrown fresh waves of troops

The noise of gunfire is deafen-

against its defence lines.

in the world.

for the Liberation of Angola).

The Zviadists, fighting to restore the elected president who was forced into exile by a rebellion in January 1992, have seized a series of towns in western Georgia and cut vital food supply

routes to Tbilisi. Mr. Shevardnadze had fought hard, with Russian backing, to persuade Georgian military leaders to accept a peace deal with the

sakhurdia in Mingerlia, a region

Georgian officials said the

"Zviadists" had attacked the vital

port of Poti overnight, killing one

defender and wounding five. But

they were repulsed and one of

their tanks was destroyed, the

bordering Abkhazia.

officials said.

Abkhaz rebels in July. "We have been tricked," Mr. Shevardnadze said in an emotional telegram appealing to Russian President Boris Yeltsin for help.

"Now there is nothing left to defend ourselves with and all that is left to me is to fly to Sukhumi and together with its unarmed citizens to fight for the city with bare hands."

Battle rages in Angola despite U.N. threat Sao Tome and Principe. UNITA wanted to capture Lemasters said.

Cuito before declaring a unilater-

al ceasefire Monday, it said.

The government commander in central Angola, General Armando Da Cruz, told the Portuguese News Agency, LUSA, that air force planes had managed to parachute supplies into Cuito Wednesday during a luil in the

Foreign Minister Venancio De Moura said on the same day that starving inhabitants had been forced to eat the flesh of dead

Fighter bombers made four air raids against rebel positions on the city outskirts Thursday, Gen.

Da Cruz added.

ing," said its corresponding. Cuito, Abel Abriao, in a report

Keating asserts Australia's republican rights calling them "low lifes" and got a

LONDON (R) — Australian Prime Minister Paul Keating Friday asserted his country's right to sever its colonial ties with Britain relations between the two would be strengthened by such a move.

"What we are talking about is a new relationship... a mature relationship," the outspoken premier told an audience of diplomats at the Australian High Commission (embassy) ahead of talks with British Prime Minister John Ma-

"It is not because the machinery is broken that we wish to change it... our friendship with Great Britain would be stronger. as any friendship is stronger for being more mature," he added. Mr. Keating was expected to

Elizabeth with a home-grown president at a working lunch with Mr. Major and travels to Scotland Saturday for what might be and become a republic, insisting an awkward meeting with the monarch.

> Mr. Keating, who arrived in London Thursday, has angered monarchists in Britain and Australia with his plans to ditch Queen Elizabeth, head of the Commonwealth of Britain and its former colonies and territories,

and make Australia a republic. Mr. Keating has been dubbed "the lizard of Oz" — a common British way of referring to Australia - in Britain's royalist popular press for daring to put an arm around the queen during a state visit last year.

This week he invited open condiscuss his plans to replace Queen frontation with tabloid editors by

blistering response Friday. "We will give as good as we get

from Mr. Keating," said Sun Deputy Editor Chris Roycroft-Davis. "We think the lizard of Oz should crawl back under his stone.

Friday's Daily Star devoted an editorial to Mr. Keating and his planned meeting this weekend with the monarch he is trying to depose as Australia's head of "Why are we letting Aussie

PM Paul Keating get away with it? He has come to Britain for the sole purpose of feeding his own cheap publicity machine at the queen's expense," it said. "He should be put on the next

plane and sent waltzing back

home."

This weekend's stay at Balmoral Castle in Scotland will be Mr. Keating's first meeting with the queen since be launched his campaign to turn Australia into a republic by the year 2001.

Mr. Keating, who leaves for Ireland Sunday to retrace his family's roots, said in his speech Friday that it would in the end be up to the Australian people to decide the country's future relations with Britain.

But he said he believed a majority were in favour of the move because they believe the existing relationship "is no longer the most appropriate."

A poll last month appeared to support Mr. Keating's contention, showing 62 per cent of Australians in favour of a repub-

Mother Teresa's condition improves after operation

CALCUTTA (AP) - Mon Teresa was cheerful and hacker normal diet Friday, one dayst an operation to clear a bindblood vessel in her heart. doctors said. The 83-year Nobel laureate underwent to eration called "halloon amporty." The two-hour procedure volved inserting a tiny ballo into the clogged blood venet a inflating it to expand its walk ensure a free flow of blood. is much more cheerful and blood pressure and pulse rate normal," said Dr. Tarun Kim Praharaj, a cardiologist w helped Dr. Patricia Auton Mother Teresa's personal phy cian from the United States. duct the operation. The fi question Mother Teresa sk Friday morning was whether could leave the hospital mediately. Dr. Prahara; said doctors at the B.M. Birla He Research Institute, where she w admitted Monday, said Med Teresa may have to stay another four days for obsertion. This is the fourth time to Roman Catholic nun has been a hospital this year. The last to was on Aug. 20 in the life of capital. New Delhi, when she vertreated for Malaria.

Honecker leaves Santiago hospital.

SANTIAGO (AFP) -- Form East German Communist lead Erich Honecker was releas from a private hospital in the Chilean capital Thursday ter undergoing tests, hospital ocials said. Mr. Honecker, suffers from terminal liver cancellation of the cancel ocial said. He was taken to Santiago's I Condes Clinic in the early him of the morning, and left with wife Margot in a car driven by daughter Sonya. "There tests : to determine the progression the disease because it is a progrsive illness. For the moment, t course (of the discase) has r sped up," the hospitai's directi Pedro Cubillos, said Repo from Germany citing Mr. H. ecker's daughter last month s. his condition had taken a shr turn for the worse. The form East German court ruled that was too ill to stand trial for crin committed during his period

English girl gets 2nd multiple-organ

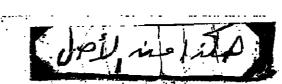
PITTSBURGH (AP) - A year-old English girl remained critical condition after receivseven new organs in a 15-ha operation. Doctors continu Thursday night to monitor Lar Davies' condition and check for signs of infection and proorgan function, said Steph Andrews, a spokesman for Cl dren's Hospital of Pittsburg Everything is going just asshould. There are no comple a tions at all." Mr. Andrews sa He said she had not yet awok from the anesthesia, as expects Critical condition is standard patients for several days follow: transplant surgery. Laura, Manchester, England, was giv a new liver, stomach, pancre small and large intestine # weakened other abdomir organs. The operation beg Wednesday at 10 p.m.(02th) GN Thursday) and concluded Thu day at 1 p.m. (1700 GMT). F Andreas Tzakis fsaid the surge proceeded smoothly and Lui remained stable throughout; h pital spokeswoman Marga

Most wanted radical anti-war fugitive surrenders

BOSTON (AFP) - A member

a radical anti-vietnam war gre

who spent 23 years in hiding of a bank robbery in which a poli man was killed ended her sec life and surrendered to auth ities. Katherine Anne Power, one of the most sought at woman fugitives in U.S. histor had been living under an alias i * small Oregon town with her h band and 14-year-old son. I Power's attorney arranged in surrender over the last seve months and said they hoped :." would spend less than five ye in prison. A senior at Brand University on a scholarship. Power was accused of driving I getaway car following a Sept., 1970 robbery at State Stree! Ba and Trust in which a Box policeman was killed and \$26.i. was stolen. She had been charg with first-degree murder and v on the FBI's most-anted list ut 1984, when the law enforcement agency removed her name cause it had no leads. Ms. Pov spent several years on the t with Susan Saxe, who was arrested in 1975 and paroled in prison in 1982. She revealed identity to friends at a pa-Sunday in Oregon, where she w known as Alice Metzinger, a co and restaurant owner. In a sta ment, she said had decided take responsibility for "such or rageously illegal acts she be committed.



CHANDIGARH, India (AP) — Armed police around the stadium, bomb-sniffing dogs, metal detectors at entry points and commandos escorting

All this is part of the unprecedented security for All this is part of the unpresentational between India and Australia in Chandigarh, capital of the northern state of Punjab where a 10-year-old violent Sikh separatist insurgency is just subsiding

Besides the terrorist threat, police are also prepared to guard the players from eccentric fans. We have kept the Monica Seles incident also in mind while laying out the security ring," said Police Inspector General Sarabjit Singh, referring to the April 30 incident in Hamburg, Germany, when Seles was stabled in the back on the court during a changeover. The attack was by a 38-yearold man who described himself as a fan of Seles' rival Steffi Graf.

The three-day tournament starting Sept. 24 will feature the underdog Indian team of Leander Paes and Ramesh Krishnan, Ganrav Natekar, Zeeshan

The four-member Australian squad led by U.S. Open semifinalist Wally Masur is scheduled to arrive Saturday. The other team members are Jason Stoltenberg, Mark Woodfords and Todd

The players will stay in a hotel about 500 yards

"The entire route from the hotel to the stadium would be sealed and armed policemen on rooftops would keep track of the players' motorcade, Singh said.

He said commandos would escort the players in

and out of the court. "They would always be covered by a human chain of our men," Singh told the Associated Press.

He said more than 200 plainclothes officers will keep a vigil inside the stadium and another 500 police armed with automatic rifles would ring the

Chandigarh, a city designed by French architect Le Corbusier, is one of the highest security zones in Punjab state, the battleground of Sikh separatist militants. After a prolonged war of attrition, security forces have nearly crushed the insurgency although the rebels are still capable of isolated acts

Singh said, each of the 6,000 people, who have bought tickets, would be searched with metal

detectors at three check points.

Dogs trained to detect bombs would comb the court and the stands before the match on each of the three days.

The winner of the India-Australia tie would play the winner of Germany-Sweden semifinal to be played concurrently in Borlange, Sweden.

Pioline upset; **Ivanisevic** illa advances

BUCHAREST (AP) - U.S. Open runnerup Cedric Pioline of France was upset by unseeded Italian Andrea Gaudenzi Thursday in the second round of the Romanian Open tennis tourna-

The third-seeded Pioline, play-. ing his second match since laosing to Pete Sampras four days ago in the final at Flushing Meadow, lost 6-3, 3-6, 6-2.

"I still am living in another time zone. For me it's morning now," Pioline said. "Besides, Gaudenzi is a very good clay player, and I've last played on clay three months ago.

"I fought hard for every ball and did my best to have him run because I knew he was tired after his U.S. Open race," said the 20-year-old Gaudenzi.

Top seed Goran Ivanisevic of Croatia downed Uruguay's Marcelo Filippini 7-6 (7-3), 6-2 in another second round matach in the country's first ever open ten-

Pioline's defeat followed a loss' Wednesday by No. 2 seed Thomas Muster of Austria, leaving Gaudenzi to meet another unseeded player. Francisco Clavet of Spain, in the quartern Clavet beat South Africa's Marcos Ondrusca 6-1, 6-4.

Ivanisevic will meet Romania's Dinu Pescariu nad Sweden's Magnus Gustafsson, seeded No. 5, will play Guillermo Perez-Roldan of Argentina in the quar-

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

The hidding has proceeded:

West North East South

S ♥ Dbl Pass ?

What do you bid now?

A.—We cannot conceive of a hand North could have that would not

offer play for slam—as long as there are enough aces in the combined holding. We would start with four no trump—asking for aces.

Q.2-Both vulnerable, as South

you hold: 4Q76542 ♥J104 ♦Q3 4A3

eQ76542 VJ104 A3 Partner opens the bidding with one heart. What do you respond?
A.—If you play five-card majors, the raise to two hearts is clear. One spade will only cause problems, unless partner's next hid is two of a major or one no trump. Playing four-card majors, you have to respond one spade and hope the suction develops favorably.

Q.3—As South, vulnerable, you

≜Void ♥A2 ♦10652 **♣AKQJ942**

What is your opening bid?

A.—In first seat, your hard would be too strong for any sort of pre-emptive bid. Once partner has

passed, however, you should be more interested in shutting out the

opponents then in finding partner with the magic hand for alam. Bid

Q.4.--As South, vulnerable, you

The bidding has proceeded: North East South Pass Pass ?

Tribuns Media Services, Inc.



Arnaud Boetsch

GOREN BRIDGE

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

Q.1—Both valuerable, as South 29 VK98763 A&6 AAQ7 you hold:

4AJ10852 V2 AKJS AK95 West North East South

Seeds advance at Bordeaux

tennis

In Bordeaux, France, secondseeded Marc Rosset of Switzerland beat American Patrick McEnroe, 5-4, 6-3, to gain the quarterfinals of the \$355,000 Bor-

All of the matches were in the second round after rain disrupted play over the first three days. France's Arnaud Boetsch, the No. 3 seed, beat Nicolas Pereira

of Venezuela, 7-5, 7-5, but No. 5 seed, Fabrice Santoro of France lost to Diego Nargiso of Itlay. 6-1, 6-2, as a sore shoulder bothered Santoro.

Beijing threatens boycott of Atlanta Games

SYDNEY (AFP) — China will boycott the 1996 Atlanta Olympics in Beijing's bid to stage the 2000 Games is blocked by the actions of the U.S. Congress, a Beijing official has told an Australian television

SBS Television said Friday that in an interview, Beijing bid Committee Chief Executive Zhang Baifa had warned: "We could boycott the U.S. in the 1996 Games in Atlanta," he accused the U.S. Congress of being "stupid."

August 31 and is being screened Saturday night.
Reporter Jane Hutcheon

said Zhang's threat came after he was angered by questioning about U.S. opposition to Beij-ing's Olympic bid over China's human rights issues.

Zhang, who is also executive deputy mayor of Beijing, was asked if he blamed the Americans for anti-Beijing senti-

"It's not the American peo-ple," he replied. "They're very good to us. "It's their con-garess which is stupid. For instance, they've passed a resolution objecting to our

Olympic bid. On the other hand, we could boycott the U.S. in the 1996 Games in Atlanta.
"If we failed in the bid, I

could write to the U.S. House of Representatives and complain that they interfered with the bid and that I had to take

Zhang said human rights cri-ticism had been "a load of

"What the U.S. Congress says is also lies," he added, "If Beijing won the bid, China would become a strong oppo-nent to them. They're worried that we would develop too

Since the interview was recorded, Australia and Britain have voiced strong opposition to China's bid, arguing that a decision by the International Olympic Committee (IOC) favouring Beijing would lack

British Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd said Thursday that Beijing would be "a bad choice.

"I think there are very strong reasons against (Beijing), you only have to look at the newspapers every day to see what they are," Hurd said. "I do not think that is a good

Australian Prime Mainister Paul Keating said in Washing-ton that a win for Beijing would be a political decision and that the IOC should stay out of "geopolitics."

During the SBS interview, a

transcript of which was given to AFP, Hutcheon tells Zhang: "Two many people Beijing is synonymous with the Tiananmen incident of 1989. How do you forget an incident like

He replied: "I don't want to talk about it. "I always feel angry whenever I am asked. It's been four years since 1986. Why do we

still have to mention it? "What about the people being burnt to death in Los Angeles? Why don't people talk about that? What about the incident in Yugoslavia and the people in Palestine? Why dont't people leave our affairs

"I'm just so fed up that I. don't even want to give any comments. The Americans are the worst regarding human rights. They seized the president of Panama and put him on trial in the States.

"What sort of rights do you call that? Who doesn't know that the Americans are the biggest arms dealer in the world? While we're not allowed to sell any weapons yet it's all right with them. Is that human rights or bully rights? "I don't want to talk about it. It's unfair. They're bullying us. It's their Congress which is

"For instance, they've passed a resolution objecting to our Olympic bid.'

In Beijing, the Chinese bid campaign publicity director played down any idea of a He Zhenwen said China was against a boycott. "Our posi-

tion has not changed. Boycot-ting the Games is harmful to the development of the Olympic inovement," he told AFP. "China's participation in the (1984) Los Angeles Games proves we are against boycotts," he said. The East Bloc, except for Romania, snubbed the 1984 Olympics, retaliating for the United States' refusal to attend the 1980 Games in Moscow after Soviet troops invaded Afgha-

He said he was unable to confirm Zhang's remarks, "We have to check."

Human rights issue bangs over vote for 2000 Olympics

In Monte Carlo, Monaco, with the race for the Olympics of the year 2000 down to a final sprint, the contest has been stirred up by a highly-charged political issue: Human rights. Controversy over whether to award the Games to China, just four years after the Tiananmen square crackdown,

sensitive in history. When the International Olympic Committee selects the host city by secret ballot next Thursday, the result could hinge as much on politics as on sports facilities and financial projections.

has turned the election into

one of the most politically-

Beijing is one of five cities vying for the right to stage the games of the XXVII Olympiad. Its competitors are Berlin; Manchester, England,

Istanbul, and Sydney. The race appears to be tight. with Sydney, Beijing and poss-ibly Manchester as the main contenders. Berlin has made enough recent gains to be considered a legitimate outsider, while Istanbul is viewed as a

longshot.
Three other cities dropped out during the past year: Tash-kent, Uzbekistan, Milan, Italy, and Brasilia.

On paper, Sydney stands out as the clear favourite. The Australian city came out way ahead of its rivals in an IOC report analyzing the technical merits of each bid — including venues, hotels, security, transportation, environment and fi-

"The bid offers conditions over and above what is required by the IOC," the report

"The IOC inspectors were much less effusive about Beijing's bid, describing it only as realistic and solid.

While Australia, Britain and Germany have hosted previous Olympics, China views the es as the perfect stage to herald its arrival in the modern world as a sporting and econo-

"Sydney is the athletes" choice. Beijing is the choice of the politicians," said Bruce Baird, Australia's transportation minister and one of the bid officials.

The House of Representatives, the lower and larger of the two houses of the U.S. Congress, passed a resolution last month opposing Beijing's candidacy, noting that the head of the bid — former Mayor Chen Xitong - signed the order for the bloody crackdown on pro-democracy de-

monstrators in 1989. Sixty U.S. Senators, including 1964 Olympic basketball gold medalist Bill Bardley, sent letters to all IOC memebrs saying that giving the Games to Beijing "would confer upon China's leaders a stamp of approval by the international community they do not de-

"All of us not connected with Beijing hope the U.S. congressmen will shut up. said Bob Scott, chairman of

the Manchester bid. On Monday, China announced the release of its most famous political prisoner. Wei Jingsheng, jailed since

The announcement appeared to be timed for maximum effect, just 10 days be-fore the IOC vote. Human Rights Watch called it "a token gesture of unbridled cynic-

China's late push also in-cluded four world records in six days by its astounding female distance runners at the National Games in Beijing. The event was meant to showcase China's sporting prowess. but some have alleged the use of performance-enhancing

Sydney bid officials, who have carefully avoided embroiling themselves in the human rights controversy, sound confident. But Manchester, bidding for a second consecutive time, believes it has pulled even with the lead-

."Each of the three main candidates has a major flaw," Scott said. "Sydney has distance, Beijing has politics and Manchester has image. It's the candidate that can cover up its flaws the best and emphasize its strengths that will win."

NEWS IN BRIEF

Celtics to retire Lewis', McHale's jerseys

BOSTON (AP) - The Boston Celtics plan to retire No. 35, worn by Reggie Lewis, some time next season and Kevin McHale's No. 32 this season. "At the request of the Lewis family, the ceremony retiring Reggie's number will be reserved for a date to be set during the 1994-95 season," Celtics Executive Vice President Dave Gavitt said Thursday. Meanwhile, the Celtics will wear a specially-designed uniform patch to honour the team captain, who died July 27 of a heart defect after collapsing on a basketball court at Brandeis University. McHale, who retired in April at the end both in the NBA and with the Celtics, will be honoured at a Jan. 30 ceremony during halftime in a game against the Phoenix Suns. His jersey will be raised to the rafters with those of Celtics greats Bob Cousy, Bill Russell, Larry Bird and others. The Celtics have retired 16 numbers.

Kankkunen needs victory in Australia

SYDNEY (R) - Three times world champion Juha Kankkunen needs victory in the Australian Rally which begins Saturday to give himself a realistic chance of recapturing the world title. The Finn, who heads the standings with 91 points after winning three events this season, leads his nearest rival, Toyota teammate Didier Auriol of France, by 20 points. But third-placed Ford driver Francois Delecour poses the greatest threat. Frenchman Delecour, who has 70 points, could overtake the Toyota drivers, who will both miss the next two championship rounds under the sport's complicated rules

China's track-stars free of drugs: Tests

PEKING (AFP) - China's world record setting track stars were committee for the National Games said Friday. Dai Wenzhong said no traces of illegal substances were found in urine samples taken by Wang Junxia and Qu Yunxia after they set world records for 1,500 metres, 3,000 and 10,000 metre events at the games. "They gave their urine samples for doping tests immediately after breaking the world records," he said in a report quoted by Xinhua News Agency. The remarkable performances of Wang Junxia and Qu Yunxia, who train under Ma Junren, immediately raised suspicions that the women were using performance enhancing

Short, Kasparov draw keeps chess challenge alive

LONDON (R) — Briton Nigel Short kept his chess title challenge alive Thursday when he drew the fifth game in his match with world champion Garry Kasparov, despite having the hand-

icap of the black pieces.

Kasparov still holds a comman-A. -- With a minimum opening '.id, don't act again unless forced, except tion for partner. Here, you want to tell partner of your sixth heart and the fact the auction has improved your chib holding. Bid two hearts.

Q.5-Both vulnerable, as South The bidding has proceeded:
West North East South
1 ♥ Dhl Pass ?
What do you bid now?
A.—With a first hand, do you really

want to bid a putrid four-card mi-nor at the two-level in response to partner's take-out double? We pre-fer telling a white lie about our heart stopper to describe a belanced hand with reasonable values by responding one no trump.

when you have additional informs

What action do you take?

A.—With a minimum open

Q:6-Neither vulnerable, as South you hold:

AKJ74 VAKJ6 VK85 47

The hidding has proceeded:

South West North Bast

1 2 Page 2 NT Page

What do you bid now? A .- You are certainly heading for slam—as soon as you know where to play the hand. For the moment there is no need to do anything more than three hearts. Partner's next hid will help clarify how to proceed.

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ding 4-1 lead in the 24-game duel but saw his much-vaunted advantage of the white pieces neutralised for the first time in the match, and in dramatic fashion. The draw after just 18 moves kept Short in the battle for the

chess crown and gave his supporters a much-needed boost. He was pleased but guarded

water problem. Quiet, small building.

about his prospects after putting in a bold performance, the 28year-old challenger needed just 11 minutes to post the result while Kasparov used an bour and a half of his alotted two hours for the first 40 moves.

Short was in high spirits at a post-match news conference, but when asked if he saw this game as a turning point he fell into a long,

"I believe I will play better than you saw me in the fourth game (Short's worst loss of the .match). It is very difficult to say," he finally replied.

Dental surgeon

Short daringly entered a line

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that Kasparov has beaten every time in his career. After producing a powerful improvement on the 10th move. the Briton forced Kasparov onto the defensive and the Azeri-Born Russian was clearly relieved to have found a route to a draw. Kasparov, 30, joked afterwards that Short had now gained an

advantage. "I have had to play five games in the match, Nige only four," he said. "I don't write off my opponent just because I have had a good start," he added.

When asked if he had departed from his pre-game preparation, Short said: "My preparation went

was prepared so it was very easy for me. It is not normal in chess to prepare games from beginning to end — it is not easy." Short draws are often received with harsh criticism, but the chal-lenger's peaceful result had the opposite effect.

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all week long and at specific times, too.

In the official world cham-

pionship organised by interna-tional chess Federation FIDE, Favourite Anatoly Karpov leads Dutchman Jan Timman 3-1/2 to

on for many more moves." « 21/2. Play resumes in Amsterdam Short also explained his blind- with Timmar having the white ing speed of play: "Everything

The world body stripped Kasparov and Short of their titles when they refused to play their match under the FIDE banner. They formed their own orga-

nisation, the PCA (Profession Chess Association), and the London Times newspaper put up a purse of 1.7 million pounds (\$2.63 million) for the breakaway

Wright awaits top English clash

LONDON (R) — England striker Ian Wright is nursing an injured foot but hopes to be fit in time for Sunday's top English Premier League clash between Arsenal and Manchester United. "I think there's a very good chance that he will play against united," said Arsenal Manager George Graham. Wright limped off four minutes

before the end of Arsenal's 2-1 win over Danish club Odense in the European Cup on Wednes-

United will have Welsh international striker Mark Hughes back in their side after suspension.



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Arab Summit Conference

Hamas says no reconciliation with Arafat, demands alternative leadership

Reports conflict over truce to avert civil war Opponents of PLO deal pursue anti-Arafat compaign

By Mariam M. Shahin With Agency dispatches

AMMAN — The Islamic Resistance Movement (Hamas) Friday denied reports that reconciliation with Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) chairman Yasser Arafat was imminent and called for the election of an alternative Palestinian leadership.

We refuse to meet with Yasser Arafat because he no longer represents the Palestinian people. He represents a party that has sold Palestine," said the Jordan representative of Hamas Ibrahim Ghosheh, after addressing an anti-peace deal rally in Sweileh.

Hamas also denied that it had entered a truce with Mr. Arafat's Fatch faction of the PLO. But it is possible, Mr. Ghosheh said. This is not about Fateh and Hamas. Most of the Fateh members were against this agreement

anyway. So we do not want to fight Fatch," Mr. Ghosheh told the Jordan Times. We condone violence against Israel butnot against each other, but let us hope that Mr. Arafat

has the same attitude," said Mr. Hamas, which is participating in a "rejectionist" conference in Damascus this week, is planning to meet several members of the Fatch Central Committee in Ye-

October to discuss ways to fight the Gaza-Jericho first accord signed Sept. 13. Hamas denounced the PLO-Israeli accord offering Palesti-nians limited self-rule on the Gaza Strip and the West Bank

town of Jericho as a sellout of

men later this month or in early

Palestinian lands and rights. The group Friday rejected the results of polls taken in the occupied territories that indicate a majority support among Palestinians for the pact. Although Hamas has used polls taken in the previous months to support its anti-peace talks stand, it refused to acknowledge the possibility that the polls taken in the territories after Monday's pact could

"We do not trust polls," said Mr. Ghosheh, who has been quoting every poll taken in the territories for the last six months to support Hamas' stands."We want a poli taken among all Palestinians — All seven million

By Sana Atiyeh

Special to the Jordan Times

MARKA - Eight defendants

entered pleas of not guilty Thurs-

day to charges of plotting to assassinate His Majesty King

Hussein, replace the regime with

an Islamic caliphate state and

change the Constitution by force

and belonging to an illegal politic-

the State Security Court over-ruled defence objections that the

court was not authorised to try

the case and after rejecting requests that all the accused be

The defence had tried to estab-

lish that the charges against the defendants were "null and void,"

citing "illegal" arrests and inter-

rogation conditions at the Gener-

al Intelligence Department

(GID), and that the State Secur-

ity Court was not the authorised

The defence claimed that the

defendants were "physically and

psychologically" tortured during

their detention at the GID before

they were transferred to Zarqa

military prison last month.

Presiding Judge Colonel Hafiz

Amin overruled the objections

after hearing a seven-page pre-

sentation from prosecutor Major

ery procedural objection made by

the defence. He tried to establish

that the GID officers who had

interrogated the defendants were

legally appointed as prosecutors

by the chief of staff of the Armed

Forces to investigate the case

when the alleged plot was disco-

Five suspects from Muta Uni-

versity, a military academy south

of Amman, were allegedly re-

cruited by the Islamic Liberation

Party (ILP), Hezb Al Tahrir Al

Islami, to kill the King at a

graduation ceremony on June 26. Two defendants and alleged

members of the party - a mer-

chant and a mosque imam — are

being tried in this case, and two

other alleged party members are

vered in April.

Maj. Hijazi, argued against ev-

body to try such a case.

freed unconditionally.

They entered the pleas after

Hamas, he said, has launched a diplomatic campaign to rally sup-port for its political stand. The group has asked for an audience with the heads of state. of Yemen, Sudan, Syria and Iran. The group has also asked for an audience with His Majesty King Hus-

Two Hamas delegations headed for Sudan and Iran respectively Friday. One delegation was headed by Faris Mishal and

the other by Imad Al Alami. The meeting of 10 Palestinian opposition parties in Damascus was being given full respect by the government of Syria, said Mr. Ghosheh. Abdul Halim Khaddam, Syria's vive president, has met the group, Mr. Ghosheh

Mr. Ghosheh said the expected the Damascus meeting to declare that the PLO as it existed has been dissolved and that Mr. Arafat is longer the legal head of the Palestinian revolution.

"He has signed it all away. There is nothing left to liberate," Mr. Ghosheh said of Mr. Arafat. "The group will decree the election of an alternative temporary leadership," said Mr.

Palestinians in Gaza with links to Hamas came out in support Friday of a truce with Fateh group to avert bloodshed over the

autonomy deal with Israel.
Saud Shawwa, a veterinarian close to Hamas, said he was 'proud of the two organisations' leaderships" for reaching a truce, and stressed that violence between Palestinians must be averted.

Ibrahim Yazuri, president of the Islamic Society, an aid organisation in Gaza, told AFP he

was unaware of such a truce. "However, if this information proves correct I can only be happy since inter-Palestinian ties must be based on mutual respect and differences must not lead to violence," he said.

Fatch announced late Thursday in Tunis that it and Hamas had reached a truce.

Fateh officials said the deal on preventing inter-Palestinian clashes applied to the entire occupied territories and had been hammered out between leaders of the rival Palestinian factions held in Gaza City's central pris-

on.
The six-point "code of honor"

being tried in absentia. Another

suspect was a member of the

Royal Escort Unit. Two senior

members of the party remain in

detention, but are not being

tried, and their fate remains un-

The wives and sisters of the

defendants shouted, "mercy and

iustice" as the panel of three

iudges walked into the third ses-

sion of the trial 45 minutes later

Col. Amin told the crowded

courtroom that "this court's duty

is to achieve justice," and asked

the armed military police to

"throw out anvone who makes a

But the red berets did not ask

anyone to leave the court room

despite some of the women's

constant chattering during the

The women, all covering their

heads with scarves and traditional

bedouin headdresses, had on Wednesday attacked the presid-

ing judge's car as he drove into

the court compound before the

session began. They also cursed

Maj. Hijazi is they walked past

his office for "persecuting our

boys." The prosecutor kept his

door shut after Thursday's ses-

Thursday that the defence's argu-

ments against the constitutional

independence of the state secur-

ity court "carries doubt about the

neutrality and independent deci-

sions of this court, which calls for disciplinary and criminal ques-

Saleh Armouti, who heads a

group of lawyers representing

seven defendants, had argued on

Wednesday that the court was

formed by the prime minister and

therefore fell under the jurisdic-

tion of the executive branch. He

referred to the constitution which

separates the three branches of

Maj. Hijazi's statements drew

an angry protest from Mr.

Armouti, who warned the pro-

secution against "using threats as

he has done in previous cases

where he demanded my suspen-

Maj. Hijazi told the court

sion ended.

tions.'

government.

than scheduled.

at Muta conspiracy trial in court

adopted by Fateh and Hamas . This was the second such meetforbids physical or verbal viodom of opinion and expression.

The document, which allows both movements to retain their widely divergent political positions, was released hours after Hamas's Amman representative pledged in Damascus to boycott all meetings attended by PLO and Mr. Arafat.

In the preamble to their understanding, both parties describe the current situation as a "dangerous historical turning point" and commit themselves to upholding the interests of Palestinians and to thwarting plotters and groups "wagering on a fratri-

Fateh and Hamas also announced the creation of regional "dialogue and coordination" committees to monitor the truce and preempt possible conflicts.

The movement plan to invite leading Palestinians to impress upon militants the "dangers of clashes in the current situation," the accord added.

But both insisted on "freedom of opinion for groups and indi-viduals" and their right to hold peaceful demonstrations while inviting all other Palestinian movements to respect the conditions of

The PLO's two other principal movements, the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) and the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Pales-tine (DFLP), have both pledged to scupper the autonomy accord by non-violent means.

The DFLP said Thursday Syria had assured Palestinian national

At the same time, about 4,000 Palestinians refugees staged a noisy protest in a refugee camp in Damascus accusing Mr. Arafat of high treason for his peace deal with Israel.

with Israel.

A DFLP said a delegation led
by its leader Nayef Hawatmeh
discussed the regional situation
after Monday's PLO-Israeli
Palestinian self-rule deal with Syrian Vice-President Abdul Halim Khaddam Thursday.

ce on a compre solution based on Israeli with- 1991. drawal from all occupied lands Mr. Hawatmeh said Friday that and the exercise by the Palesti- he and other Palestinian leaders nian people of their national the DFLP statement

that he (prosecutor) would doubt

my judgement about the honesty

and justice of this court," Mr.

Armouti told the judges after Mr.

Hijazi finished his presentation.

it clear that the court in this case

has provided the defence with all

warn the prosecution against "us-

ing the method of threats."

Mr. Armouti asked the court to

Prosecution and defence

sources told the Jordan Times

that Maj. Hijazi and Mr.

Armouti had come to near-

physical clashes during the case of

the "Prophet Mohammad's

Army" two years ago. Maj. Hi-

iazi asked for Mr. Armouti's sus-

pension at the time, but the prob-

man military panel, told the de-

fence and prosecution Thursday

that he did not "see any wrong-

session, and ask you again, to stick to objectivity and legal mat-

ters," Col. Amin told the two

sides. "I call on both parties to

deal positively with each other

and to avoid any tension for any

Another angry defence objection was raised when Maj. Hijazi

said he would present legal evi-

dence in the trial that was not

mentioned in the charge sheet: A

file of a 1968 court verdict that

found 16 members of the ILP,

including its founder, Taqqiddin

Al Nabahani, guilty of plotting to topple the regime and change the

Maj. Hijazi made his

announcement after defence

lawyer Omar Dumra, represent-

ing one defendant, requested that

the prosecution makes available

all the evidence in details to the

defence before he presents it to

the court. The prosecution's

charge sheet only stated "legal

evidence." without elaborating

"This is unacceptable," de-

fence lawyer Jawad Younis said

on what the evidence was.

Constitution.

"I have asked you in the first

doing to the court or its judges.

Col. Amin, who heads a three-

em was solved outside court.

its rights."

On the contrary, I want to make

"It would never occur to me angrily. "This evidence is a sur-

trial."

ing in three days between Mr. lence and guarantees mutual free- Khaddam and Palestinian groups oppose to Mr. Arafat and the self-rule deal.

The PFLP said a delegation led by its leader George Habash had been given assurances by Mr. Khaddam on Tuesday of continued Syrian support "until the creation of an independent Palestinian state with Holy Jeru-

There has been no mention of the two meetings in the Syrian

Mr. Hawatmeh visited both Tunisia and Libya this week. It was not yet clear whom he met there, but Palestinian sources said intensive contacts were underway in Amman and Tunis to either dismiss Mr. Arafat from the PLO or create a rival organisation.

The DFLP statement said the delegation informed Mr. Khaddam of the group's call for "the gathering of all Palestinians forces and groups opposed to occupation and the giving up of deals in order to protect the goals of the intifada and the people."

The statement said the DFLP delegation told Mr. Khaddam it insisted on the continuation of the six-year-long intifada until Israel gave up the territories it

It also said the delegation also insisted on achieving the national rights of return of the Palestinian people, self-determination and an independent state.

Critics of Mr. Arafat have accused him of neglecting the right of Palestinian refugees to return to their homes, their right to determine their future and of ending the dream of an independent Palestinian state.

Some 4,000 refugees from the 1948 Arab-Israeli war, who consider their chances of going back to their homes in what is now 'Israel are almost non-existent under the deal, demonstrated at the Genermana refugee camp in

They warned Mr. Arafat of the fate of Egyptian President Anwar Sadat who signed a peace treaty Mr. Khaddam "stressed Syria's with Israel in 1979 and was assassinated by Muslim zealots in

prise, which we were not told

about and which is absent from

the charge sheet. I insist that this

evidence is not entered in the

But Maj. Hijazi later told the

Jordan Times that he did not

have any surprise evidence in

store and that his evidence and

witness testimonies will take no

courtroom when Col. Amin

asked the defence to provide

individual requests for a doctor

and a psychiatrist to check the

defendants for alleged torture

they underwent during detention

at the GID. "I have received only

one request from Mr. Dumra for

his client," Col. Amin said.

Defence lawyers insisted they

had delivered to the court clerk

requests for some of the defen-

dants at the beginning of the week, and the judge said he had

Earlier, the court rejected Mr.

Dumra's request to free his client

according to the general amnesty

law of November 1992, which was

passed after former deputies

Laith Shbeilat and Yacoub Qar-

rash, along with two other mer-

chants, were found guilty in the

"Shabab Al Nafeer Al Islami"

Muta University after his gradua-tion, which was before Nov. 11.

1992, and I request that all

charges against him be dropped

and he be released from cus-

The court rejected the request,

saying that the amnesty did not

include crimes related to con-

spiracy, a charge the defendant is

If found guilty of charges of

conspiring to assassinate King

Hussein and changing the Con-

stitution by force, the defendants

could face the maximum death

penalty. But Jordan has never

witnessed an execution of politic-

al prisoners charged with such

crimes, although some were ex-

ecuted for spying for Israel and

tody," Mr. Dumra said.

facing.

"My client cut off all ties with

not received them

More confusion was seen in the

more than two days.

were trying to persuade disgruntled leaders of Fateh to join them in opposing the peace pact **Accused enter not-guilty pleas**



Movement (Hamas) hide their faces from photographers with anti-Palestine Liberation Organisa-

tion (PLO) leaflets during a rally held at Bethlehem University against the Israel-PLO agreement on Palestinian autonomy (AFP photo)

U.S. to release \$30 million in security assistance for Jordan

WASHINGTON (USIA) -President Bill Clinton has notified Congress of his intention to provide \$30 million in U.S. securty assistance to Jordan, State Department spokesman Michael McCurry announced Thursday.

The action, taken under Section 614 of the Foreign Assistance Act, frees the fiscal year 1993 aid from legislative restrictions. The waiver would permit the administration to release the \$30 million mmediately.

"This includes \$15 million in economic support funds, \$9 million in foreign military financing, and \$500,000 in international military education and training funds," the spokesman said. "The remaining \$5.5 million will fund various other projects, including initiatives on Middle East regional cooperation and the multilateral peace talks."

Mr. McCurry said Mr. Clin-ton's decision "will certainly further not only the interests we have in seeing the peace process advance," but it will also help the government of Jordan deal with some of the requirements that have been placed upon it.

There are ways some of the money can be used as part of the empowerment tunding be necessary to carry through on the recently signed agreement," the spokesman said, "but a large part of this assistance is obviously

security assistance."
He said the \$5.5 million in non-security related assistance "are funds that could be used conceivably to finance some of the joint venture projects" that are to be developed as Palestinians begin to take control of the Jericho area under the agreement signed Sept. 13 by Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) in Washington.

The spokesman said Secretary of State Warren Christopher has asked Deputy Secretary of State Clifton Wharton to form a group

from the State Department and assuming that we've had conother U.S. government agencies to develop a strategy on how to handle "not only economic issues, but some of the political issues arising from the agreement

as well." Mr. McCurry told questioners was his understanding that Mr. Clinton, in a telephone call to Syrian President Hafez Al Assad on Sept. 15, discussed "the importance of redoubling support for the peace process. And I think he made it clear that the enemies of the peace process

in the region are going to make the recent agreements work and are not going to be deterred from pursuing progress on other In addition to the historic "early empowerment" agreement signed by Israel and the PLO on Sept. 13 as they exchanged mutual recognition, Israel and

need to know that all the parties

framework for negotiations on an eventual peace treaty. "We see enormous complexities in how all the various tracks of the comprehensive peace process fit together," Mr. McCurry said. "We have suggested to you often that they are interrelated and that what happens in one track does have an impact on another track. And I do think that we feel that in many ways it is important for there to be progress in the Palestinian track so

Jordan also signed an agreement

on Sept. 14 that forms the

that there can be progress in the Syrian track as well. While there are "separate issues" in each of the negotiating tracks, they are interrelated. Mr. McCurry said. "There are probably more linkages" between the Syrian-Israeli and the Lebanese-Israeli tracks than among the others, he said.

The United States remains in very close contact with the par-ies." the spokesman told reporters, but cautioned them "against

versations with them about specific timing ...or sequences at this point."

In discussions with the parties, the secretary has "made it clear that he will remain an active intermediary and a full partner in the process," Mr. McCurry said. "That may conceivably require him to travel to the region. It may require him to be more actively involved in the process here in Washington. But he stands ready to do what the parties think can help best in achieving a successful

outcome to the negotiations."
He said the United States is "reaching out to other nations" through its diplomacy now, focusing on four major objectives.
We are encouraging parties to

support the agreement that's been reached by the PLO and Israel," the spokesman said. "We're taking a lot of steps to encourage other governments to be supportive of that accord, both politically and financially.

"We are urging the parties to end the Arab boycott of Israel and we'll be following that up on a diplomatic track," Mr. McCurry said. "We've already had diplomatic contact with various rties in the Middle East. "We'll be following up on that contact, perhaps in some cases at a higher level and pressing the issue accordingly.

"We are encouraging countries to normalise their relations with Israel," the spokesman said.

We are working at the United Nations to eliminate unhelpful language that exists in U.N. resolutions as it relates to the Middle East and to Israel specifically," he said. "A number of U.N. resolutions, many of which the U.S. has opposed, say "unfortunate things about the state of Israel," and "have contributed to antagonisms in the region that have thwarted peace." Mr.

Fighting flares in Mostar as Muslim-Croat truce is ratified; mediators active

SARAJEVO (Agencies) — Heavy fighting continued in Bosnia-Heregovina Friday, particularly around the southern city of Mostar, even as government and Croat military commanders ratified a ceasefire to take effect

Saturday.
U.N. Protection Force (UN-. PROFOR) spokesman Major Idesbald van Biesebroeck said a military accord, confirming the political truce agreement concluded earlier in the week in Geneva, was signed by Rasim Delic, for the government forces, and General Milivoj Petkovic, for the Croat forces.

Radio Sarajevo reported that the Muslim-held eastern sector of Mostar was "literally burning" as a result of heavy Croat shelling, a day before the truce was due to come into force.

Dozens were feared killed, with many buried beneath the rubble of buildings, the radio said. The Muslim-held town of Blagaj, just south of Mostar, was also under artillery attack, the radio said.

Maj. Van Biesebroek confirmed there had been "very heavy shelling" of Mostar and Jablanica Friday morning, but said the fighting had mostly died down in the afternoon.

The ceasefire signing followed several hours of talks between Delic, Petkovic and the commander of UNPROFOR in Bosnia, Gen. Francis Briquemont, at Sarajevo airport.

The earlier ceasefire deal was concluded , by Bosnian President Alija Izetbegovic and his Croatian counterpart Franjo Tudjman. Friday was the first time a representative of the Bosnia Croat forces fighting in the field acknowledged the earlier accord.

Maj. Van Biesebroeck said the deal also allowed for freedom of movement for all humanitarian convoys as of Saturday midday, followed at a later stage by the release of all prisoners and the disbandment of prison camps.

International mediators headed for a meeting Friday with Serbian President Slobodan Milosevic, the leader most blamed for Bosnia's war, to brief him on new plans to halt the bloodshed.

The mediators, European Community special envoy Lord Owen and Thorvald Stoltenberg of the United Nations, have summoned Bosnia's Serb, Croat and Muslim leaders to Sarajevo on Tuesday to consider signing the peace package.
"We believe big steps towards

peace will be taken in the next few days," Lord Owen said late Thursday. The two were to brief Mr.

Milosevic Friday on progress towards ending the war, which has left up to 200,000 people dead or missing and two million homeless. Mr. Milosevic's influence is

considered pivotal in any peace plan. He is widely blamed for moiting the Serb rebellion that mushroomed into civil war when Bosnia seceded from Yugoslavia nearly 18 months ago.

.The United Nations responded with tough trade sanctions on Yugoslavia, wrecking its eco-

Norway detains hijackers

OSLO (AP) — Three men charged with hijacking a Russian airliner said they picked Norway as their destination because they hoped the Scandinavian country would shield them from torture in Iran, their attorney said Friday.

The men have asked for political asylum, but face up to 21 years in prison if they are tried and convicted of hijacking. In a closed session, a prelimin-

ary court ordered the men held for eight weeks, pending investigation of the hijacking charges. The men were charged with using grenades to hijack an Aeroflot Tu-134 with 58 people aboard after it took off on Wednesday from Baku, Azerbaijan. The jet was forced to fly to Kiev, Ukraine for refuelling and

then to Norway. Defence attorney Morten Huser said the three men, identified in Friday's court proceedings as Khalil Moghadani-Bahlul, 35, Mansour Mohammadi, 28, and Farbad Rabildi, 20, admitted to

the hijacking. Bjorn Ame Tronier, of the Romerike police district, said police have not been able to confirm their identities or that they are from Iran.

"They said they wanted to come to Norway because they thought it was a democratic land. They thought it would protect them," Mr. Huser told the Associated Press. He said two of the three had physical scars of torture, and he said they feared death if they returned to Iran.

U.S. TV networks nervous prior to Emmy Awards

LOS ANGELES (R) - Beleaguered U.S. television net-work executives, trying to fend off a major assault by cable companies, will be watching Sunday's Emmy Awards with more than usual nail-biting anxiety. This year could spell the end of the three major networks' domi of the pestigious awards as their cable rivals, particularly Time's Home Box Office (HBO) seek to win the television industry's prestigious annual awards. Networks have a far greater potential viewership, since they are broadcage free of charge. HBO is a cable channel, available only to subscribers for a fee. HBO ned with the ABC network when the nominations for the awards, presented by the Academy of Television Arts and Sciences, were announced in July, with each getting 55. It was the first time a cable company had equalled one of the big networks in awards nominations. Both HBO and the Public Broadcasting System (PBS), which took 38 nominations, beat the fledgling Fox Network, which garnered just 10 nominations. PBS is funded publicly with corporate and private subsidies. It competes with the networks on a free broadcast frequency and is also available through cable.

Kasparov donates \$5,000 to Armenian 🧳 victims

MOSCOW (AFP) — World chess champion Garry Kasparov has donated \$5,000 to Armenian victims of the five-year war in the Nagorno-Karabakh enclave in Azerbaijan, prominent Armenian author Zori Balayan said Wednesday. Mr. Balayan, who is a member of the Nagorno-Karabakh Assembly, said the money was the latest of several donations by Kasparov for Armenian orphans and invalids. Kasparov's mother comes from the

Bath robot delivers no-hands showering

TOKYO (AP) - After four

years and millions of yen worth of government funding, the Japanese will soon be able to buy the ultimate in shower technology - a bath robot. "It's a great feeling," said Takashi Miyoshi of Machinery Manufacturer Fuji Shoko, which oversaw bath robot's invention. "But you have to do your own shampooing." Miyoshi said the new product, called "Basu-Robo" in Japanese. took five companies, using government funds, four years to perfect. Priced at 4.8 million yen (\$46,000), it's scheduled to go on sale late October. Bathers need only sit inside the 1.6-metre (5.3foot)-tall cubicle to savour the entire computer-controlled treatment: A three-minute sanna for starters, followed by a spray of hot water, a jet of liquid soap, more hot water to rinse the suds off, then a cool, drying breeze. Although there are no artificial hands to scrub the back, bath robot's injections are all aimed downward to prevent any soapy water from getting into the eyes. A constant cool breeze runs through the bather's hair... Miyoshi said the robot was originally targeted at workers coming home too exhausted or drunk to bathe themselves, but he said its developers now hope bath robot will be appreciated by the hand-icapped, sick and elderly.

Japan debates school ruling on shaven heads

TOKYO (R) — About 30 per cent of Japanese junior high schools require boys to have close-shaven heads, a nationwide survey published Friday shows. The survey, conducted earlier this month by the newspaper Mainichi
Shimbun, dovetailed with a campaign by schoolboys to abolish the monk-like haircuts. Schoolboys wrote last month to the new Education Minister Ryoko Akamatsu demanding the closecropped style be made optional. Their action triggered fierce de-bate in this conformist society. where school dress codes and other discipline are the norm. The newspaper survey showed 2,470 public junior high schools, about 30 per cent of the total, mandated bristle heads for boys as a way of maintaining school discipline. "We worry that if the rule is liberalised, the school will revert to chaos," a school official in southwestern Japan's Kagoshima Prefecture was quoted at saying. "We think (the hairents) should be evaluated by each individual school ...," an Education Ministry official was quoted as saving by the saving by th saying by the newspaper.

